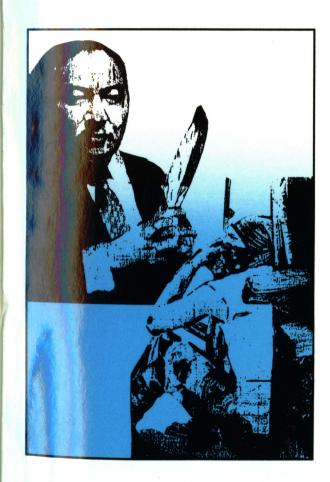
GATHERINGS

THE EN'OWKIN JOURNAL OF FIRST NORTH AMERICAN PEOPLES



Volume 1

Issue 1

Fall 1990

PREMIERE ISSUE

EN'OWKIN INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL OF WRITING

The En'owkin International School of Writing assists First Nations students to find their voices as writers. Through this process, we promote understanding of the complexity of First Nations peoples.

Students work directly with a team of renowned First Nations writers. The program explores the unique cultural environment of First Nations peoples as reflected in their literature. The courses develop skills in the use of metaphor such as the coyote, the horse, and the owl. Student writers develop their skills in a stimulating atmosphere of encouragement and discovery.

Admission Criteria:

North American First Nations Ancestry.

Eligible for university entrance, or have completed one or more years of an undergraduate program.

A submission of 10-15 pages of original written work at the time of application.

Tuition: Tuition is \$2000.00 each year. Books and supplies are estimated at \$400.00.

Classes begin the first week of September.

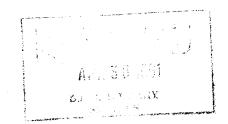
For full calendar and registration information contact:

Admissions, En'owkin Centre, 257 Brunswick Street Penticton, B.C. V2A 5P9 Canada Telephone (604) 493-7181 Fax (604) 493-2882

GATHERINGS

The En'owkin Journal of First North American Peoples

SURVIVAL ISSUE



Theytus Books, Penticton, British Columbia

GATHERINGS:

The En'owkin Journal of First North American Peoples

Volume 1 Issue 1 August 1990

Published annually by Theytus Books Ltd. for the En'owkin Centre International School of Writing

Managing Editor:

David Gregoire

Associate Editors:

Maria Baptiste

Arnie Louie

Forrest Funmaker Conrad George

Leona Lysons **Jeff Smith**

Brian Scrivener

Guest Editorial:

Ann Wallace

Page Composition:

Jeff Smith, Manager

Forrest Funmaker

Theytus Books Ltd.

En'owkin Centre

Cover Design:

David Gregoire/Jeff Smith

Cover Art;

Jeannette Armstrong/Lee Maracle/Forrest

Funmaker/Jeff Smith

Subscriptions are \$13.00 for individuals and \$14.00 for institutions. A price list will be mailed on request.

Please inquire about our advertising rates and contributors' guidelines.

Please send submissions , letters, and subscriptions to 'Gatherings, c/o En'owkin Centre, 257 Brunswick Street, Penticton, B.C. V2A 5P9 Canada. All submissions must be accompanied by self-addressed stamped envelope (SASE). Manuscripts without SASEs may not be returned. We will not consider previously published manuscripts or visual art.

'Bicenti.' by Anna Lee Walters has previously appeared in Tarasque II, published by Albuquerque United Artists 1985, Albuquerque, NM. Reprinted by permission.

Copyright remains with the artist and/or author. No portion of this journal may be reproduced in any form whatsoever without written permission from the author and/or artist.

Typeset by Theytus Books Ltd. Printed and bound in Canada

We gratefully acknowledge Canada Council for their financial assistance in the production this premiere issue.

Copyright © 1990 for the authors

ISSN 1180-0666



New literary works from Canada's leading Multicultural publisher.

Daughters of the Sun, Women of the Moon Anthology of Canadian Black Women Poets Edited by Ann Wallace

This major anthology brings the richness and diversity of writings from the diaspora.

ISBN 0-88795-091-4

\$11.95

Another Way to Dance Anthology of Asian Canadian Poets Edited by Cyril Dabydeen

A celebration of life and living by some of Canada's finest poets.

ISBN 0-88795-084-1

\$11.95

Cayote City — A Play by Daniel David Moses

This enthralling play looks at the lives of Native people caught in a life and death struggle for spiritual survival. ISBN 0-88795-090-6 \$7.95

TO ORDER BOOKS: DEC Book Distribution, 229 College Street, Toronto M5T 1R4, Canada INLAND Book Company Inc. 254 Bradley Street, East Haven, Conn. 06512 U.S.A.



FIRST NATIONS HOUSE OF LEARNING UBC

- Dedicated to quality preparation in all fields of post-secondary study.
- * Quality education means relevance to the philosophy and values of First Nations.

COURSES AND PROGRAMS AVAILABLE

- Native Indian Teacher Education Program (NITEP)
- * Ts*kel Program (M.Ed., M.A., Ed.D., Ph.D)
- * Native Law Program
- First Nations Health Care Professions Program
- * Courses related to First Nations are available in a variety of Faculties, Schools and Departments.

OPPORTUNITIES IN CREATIVE WRITING!

The Department of Creative Writing at UBC and the First Nations

House of Learning invites you to explore creative writing
opportunities leading to a Bachelor's Degree in Fine Arts.

Interested? Write for our Calendar!
First Nations House of Learning, UBC
6365 Biological Sciences Road, Vancouver, B.C. V6T 1W5
Telephone: (604) 222-8940/ Fax: (604) 222-8944

En'owkin International School of Writing



A message from

Jeannette Armstrong

Joy Kogawa

"As writers we want to ask you to consider the following and invest in a dream we both share"



The wisdom and strength of ancient cultures should be written, First Nations story-tellers should be heard, the path of healing should be shared, the dominant world-view should be challenged.

We ask you to share in our dream to teach and train First Nations writers. Each year 40 First Nations student writers are immersed in an "apprenticeship" at the En'owkin International School of Writing.

This is a unique and exciting 2-year, university-credited special program; with the added attraction of a First Nations Writer-in -Residence and full complement of Indigenous writers.

All students must qualify to attend, all students are from First Nations, and not all students have financial support.

We believe that Canada will be enriched by hearing the voice of First Nations through literature, we also believe that there are individual Canadians who wish to make this possible.

We invite you to invest in the future. Invest in the development of First Nations literature. Invest in these student writers. \$8,000 is needed by each student for each semester. Some students qualify for government aid but many gifted potential writers do not.

Please Join us! We offer you the opportunity to become a supporter of the En'owkin International School of Writing.

معمما	fill out	and	raturn	the	attached	form
16886	HIII OUT	ano	return	me	Auacneo	iorm

Yes!	I'll Help With a Tax-Cre	editable Dona	ation of:	
	\$25 \$50	\$100	\$250	\$1000
Name _		Please	make your cheque p	payable to:
Address		257 Br	kin international Sc runswick Street, ton, B.C. V2A 5P9	hool of Writing at:
	Please put my name on your supporter, mailing list!		egistration Number: ue Canada: 4-5026	

Table of Contents

		Table of Contents	
Introduct	ion		
	Editorial Guest Editorial		6.7
Ask Me A	gain		
	Kerrie Charnley	Concepts of Anger, Identity and Power and the Vision in the Writings and Voices of First Nations Women	່ . 10
	Joseph Bruchac	Routine Check	.23
	Anna Lee Walters	Bicenti	.24
	Annharte	Cheeky Moon Bloody Jig One Way to Keep Track of Whose Talking	39
	Lee Maracle	Review: Being on the Moon For Elijah Harper	.41 .43
	Daniel David Moses	Last Quarter Song	
	Forrest A. Funmaker	Nokomis The Story of Harry Loon Bear Mirror You Rattle We Hum	46 47
	Alice Lee	Flower Day	
	Maria Baptiste	Dream Maker Lacquer Red	
	Greg Young-Ing	In Another World	52
	Redhand	The Fire Is My Mother	54
Spirit Dee	r Richard Armstrong	Spirit Deer	.56
	Tim Michel	_	
	T. Mitchel Staats	The Buffalo Man	
	Mary Lou deBassige	Bear With Me Alive Spirits Simplicity	63 67

Armand Garnet-Ruffo

Bear Death 69

Creating A Country 70

	Shirley Eagle Tailfeat	72	
	Myrtle Johnson		
	,	Bright White One	<u>73</u>
		Like A Child	
		This Windy Day	75
	L. Cheryl Blood	Pow Wow Fever	76
eagull			
-0	Arnold Louie		
	Alliola Boale	Seagull	78
	Nana		01
		Seduction	01
	Mary Ann Gerard	Christmas Day	82
		Christmas Day Christmas Day Part 2	83
	Deb Clement		
		Eon Ago We Cry	84 85
		(10 0.1)	
	Colleen Seymour	Just Beginning	86
	Donna K. Goodleaf		
		I Know Who I Am	87
	Kerrie Charnley	Journey	88
Goosene	ck		
	Art Napoleon	Gooseneck	90
	C-d-vialiamo		
	Cody Williams	Niemiah	94
	Joann Thom		0.5
		Training For Motherhood	95
	Leah E. Messer	Untitled	96
	T. 15	Olladea	
	Eriel Deranger	Life	97
Milk Ru	nnin'		
	Leonard Fisher Jr.	Milk Runnin'	100
	Kateri Damm		
	Majett Danim	Suicidal Tendency	103
	Margaret Warbick	and the state of t	104
	J	A Dear Friend's Battle	104
	Conrad George	Testimonial	105
			

	Don Wynde	A Childhood or Was It	109
	Andy P. Nieman	A Native Elder's Solitude	111
	Sheila Dick		
	Shella Dick	My Companion	113
	Karen Coutlee	To Mom	445
Fisherm	en	To Mom Thank You For Giving Me Birth	116
1 101101111			
	Glen James	Fishermen	118
	Gerald Etienne	Granny	. 122
•	Davey C. Maurice	Plenty of Lore, Plenty of Land	
	Cecilia Lake	•	
		Rain Thoughts Chris and Gary	127
Changin	g Song		
Ū	Leona Lysons		
	Leona Lysons	Changing Song	. 129
	Duane Marchand	TATempted TATE As a	
		Warrior's Winter Diptera Hey, Mr. Music Man	
	Tracey Bonneau	,,	131
	Tracey Donneau	Concrete City	133
		Stranded On An Island Doorway	134 135
	Garry Gottfriedson		
		Bureaucrats Crystal Globe	136 137
	Randy Fred	•	
	•	Downtown Main Drag	138
	Alvin Manitopyes	Sweet Romance Junkie	.139
	Eileen Burnett		
•		Indian Lad In The City	140
Oratory			
	Jeannette Armstrong	The Disempowerment of First North America Native	
		Peoples and Empowerment Through Their Writing	141
Author B	iographies		1 477

EDITORIAL

reetings to all readers of the premiere issue of "Gather ings": The En'owkin Journal of First North American Peoples". It gives me great pleasure to extend a warm welcome to you. As a Native individual of the Okanagan Indian Nation, I am pleased to have been given the opportunity to read and enjoy all the writings that were submitted for consideration for inclusion in this journal.

The theme of 'survival' is symbolic of the struggle of our people to retain traditional values. All of the people who submitted work are themselves survivors of the oppression we have all faced. The writings contained in this issue reflect that survival culturally and physically. They also show that we continue to rely on the guidance of the creator, and the genuine kindness, encouragement and understanding that we share with each other.

Through our oral tradition, we have always shared our knowledge, wisdom, pain, joy and suffering. The written words in this journal are an expression of our oral traditions. These written words offer greetings and help in the process of cleansing and

healing.

The selection of the following pieces was difficult. There were a number of excellent pieces that were turned down because they did not fit the theme. We urge those people who submitted work to re-submit for the next issue of the journal. Though these are a few selected writings by our people, I am sure there are many other Native writers out there who are a part of this literary cultural renaissance. I encourage you all to continue writing and to share with others.

Enjoy and may our Creator guide you always.

David Gregoire Managing Editor

A Gathering of the Spirits by Ann Wallace

"A People without the knowledge of their past history, origin and culture is like a tree without roots."

Marcus Mosiah Garvey

In this Premiere issue of "Gatherings: The En'owkin Journal of First North American People", there can be no doubt that the First Nation People have come into their own as writers. This should quell, once and for all, the debate that they are incapable of retelling their myths and legends or writing their own stories.

This issue has brought together the writing of both men and women writers, new and established, and covers a wide range

of genres.

One of the major essays in the journal: Concept of Anger, Identity, Power and Vision in Writings and Voices of First Nations Women, gives an indepth look into the loss of language. The silence of Native people is fully explained because to lose one's language is to lose one's humanity. It is this loss that has made this new generation of writers embark upon the road to both cultural and self-discovery. They will no longer accept being stereotyped or being positioned as orphans in their own homeland. For in this land their history and culture bloomed. They developed highly sophisticated political systems; they were the first ecologists and their spirituality continues to provide them with strength.

With the coming of the white man, their world was shattered, their sacred words denigrated. However, something wonderful and positive is beginning to happen - the First Nation Peoples have decided to take back control of their lives and their culture. The glaring and falsifying of history will be corrected.

The En'owkin Centre, in British Columbia, is at the centre of change. Writers and students can attend classes to improve their writing skills, learn forgotten languages, do research and listen to the legends and myths of their Elders. This remarkable writing centre, the first of its kind in North America, is the culmination of years of hard work by many people. This is not just a school - but a spiritual space - where many people are dedicated to preserving their culture, religion and language, where they know the torch of knowledge is powerful. A torch that cannot be allowed to be dimmed, a torch that ensures their future. These visionaries and

their communities have created their modern kiva, where heritage is once more protected and safe.

On a personal note. In March of this year, I was privileged to experience the En'owkin Centre. This visit will go down as one of the most memorable days I have spent anywhere in a very long time. What made it so memorable was the warm welcome I received, the prayers of the Elders, the hospitality of the women and men who work at the Centre and the many visitors who dropped in. As the day progressed, I was given manuscripts to read, and the talent and creativity of the young writers overwhelmed me. Towards the end of the day, I sat beside a young girl of about four years old. She was reading a book and as I looked over her shoulders, I realized that the book was written in English and the Okanagan language. How lucky these children and writers are to have an environment that will not only nurture them but will also stimulate their creativity and whet their appetites for more knowledge about their world and their people. This wonderful journal is a celebration of the human spirit which has overcome adversity and pain.

To the visionaries and the benefactors - May you always walk in Beauty.

ASK ME AGAIN

INTRODUCTION

Concepts of Anger, Identity and Power and the Vision in the Writings and Voices of First Nations Women

by Kerrie Charnley

For the past five hundred or so years the voices of Native women have been silenced by the onslaught of European immigration to Turtle Island.(1) These new immigrants brought a new order of governing structures and belief systems with them and they imposed these on the land and the nations of people living here, who already had their own governing structures and belief systems honed over thousands of years. The First Nations were matriarchal and co-operative while these new people were patriarchal and individualistic. These two differences continue to have an impact on all peoples and nations living on this land today. In order for the Europeans to obtain control over the First Nations peoples and get control over the land and her resources they silenced what was central to the perpetuation of the matriarchal and co-operative spirit and values of First Nations: the voices of First Nations women.

The catalysts that helped break the silence for Native women were the far reaching and liberating forces of the women's movement and the influences of Marx's analysis of class oppression. Other catalysts that helped pave the way for Native women breaking silence were the American Indian Movement, the growth of Native political and cultural organizations and the environmental movement.

At this point one might ask the shadowed question "If so much liberating action was happening for women and Native people in the sixties and seventies why weren't Native women being heard then?" The answer to this question lies in the happenstance of First Nations' five hundred year history. The voices of Native women continued to be silenced in the sixties and seventies by the racist and patriarchal children of colonialism. By this time the racists and patriarchy adherents dressed in both white and red jackets. Weakened and weathered over the years, Native men and women had begun to believe and use the racist and patriarchal tools of colonialism for their own individualistic bartering for a place within the competitive neo-european status quo. There were a few

^{1.} Before the last five hundred years of European occupation the differing First Nations had their own names for this continent. For instance the Haudenosaunee called the continent "Turtle Island" in it's English translation. It is probable that all the nations had a name for the continent since there were trade routes known to go as far as South America in pre-colonial times.

fire weeds however who resisted the brainwashing and refused to be silent. Those who wrote published and spoke to a small audience. Nevertheless they harboured a voice for those of us who did not have one. The traditional values of co-operation, womanpower and the sacredness of words has persisted subversively over the course of five hundred years of silence. In combination with Marxism and the liberation movements of the sixties, these word warriors are being heard.

In the seventies the autobiography Halfbreed was published by Maria Campbell. This marked the beginning of a movement. Lee Maracle published her autobiography, Bobbi Lee: Indian Rebel, at about the same time but due to politics and bookmarket trends her book did not reach the wide audiences Halfbreed did. In 1983 Native women writers got public attention at the Women and Words Society's inaugural women writers' conference in Vancouver. This conference marked a path towards the history-making workshops and readings hosted by Native women writers at the 1988 3rd International Feminist Book Fair in Montreal. Lee Maracle, Jeannette Armstrong, Paula Gunn Allen, Janet Campbell- Hale, Chrystos, Joy Harjo, Lenore Keeshig-Tobias, Midnight Sun, Beth Brant, Barbara Smith, Gloria Anzuldua and Marilou Awaikta have all published within the past three years. Some of these Native women are participating in writer's conferences such as those already mentioned and others like the Vancouver Writer's Festival, and the "Telling It" conference held in Vancouver recently.

This paper will look at the words of recently published Native writers Lee Maracle, Jeannette Armstrong, Chrystos, Paula Gunn Allen and reflect on some of the concerns these women have about themselves, their people, and the world. This paper will reflect particularly on the silence and anger of oppressed people, the function of image-making, identity creating and erasing of invisibility that are a part of writing. Also discussed will be the world view of First Nations people that has empowered them throughout their long history. For the purposes of this paper because some Native women writer's also call themselves "women of color" there will be points where this term will be used when referring to a concept that has been discussed by a writer who identified herself as a "woman of color". It will reveal the philosophical and political base the writers are writing from. This paper will not address the mechanics of Native women's literature. To understand those mechanics it is crucial first to understand the forces that brought those words into being.

WHY ARE YOU BEING SO SILENT?

In silence there is no movement, no change. Good odds for victimization, powerlessness. In breaking silence, there is movement, change, transformation. Creation and birth. Breaking the silence for Native women is a major step towards stopping the forces that have been silencing us. However it must be done on our own terms or the voice will not be our own and it will not truly empower us.

A white woman at a women writers' conference made reference to the question why are some women silent. The majority and the only ones who did not speak were the women of color. This woman said it was probably due to the fact that these women were not used to speaking! This is typical of what a woman of color must put up with over and over again. White people speak and make assumptions about us right in front of our very faces and ears as if we don't even exist or have a voice and all the while taking up the space we could be using for our voices. Chrystos' poem "Maybe We Shouldn't Meet If There Are No Third World Women Here" expresses a rhetorical question in response to this kind of familiar experience: "How can we come to your meetings if we are invisible". (Chrystos, 1988, 13) The workshop's topic of discussion "Living the great novel versus writing one" did not seek the perspective of women of color who know most the meaning of living the great novel. It is our silence that is addressed more often than our voices. There is many a message to be found in silence if one chooses to hear them. Finally, at the end of the workshop, out of the body of a brown woman a voice rose. It was a voice of frustration, anger, pain, sadness and it was our voice. Too often the only voice white women actually hear is the hurting or angry voice of women of color. It is sad this woman was forced into her

unvaliant and lonely position without a functional structure of colored support. Instead she fled from the room, and the topic of the one-sided discussion continued as it had before, in our silence.

This is the kind of thing that impacts every single woman of color who is conscious of that color-white dynamic; this is the kind of thing that makes us angry. In Chrystos' same poem she reflects on this situation and the anger that she consequently feels: "My mouth cracks in familiar shock my eyes flee to the other faces where my rage desperation fear pain ricochet a thin red scream How can you miss our brown and golden in this sea of pink...Bitter boiling I can't see you." (Chrystos, 1988, 13)

Someone at this same workshop said that anger is something women writers should address because of its paralysing effect on one's ability to write. She also said that anger stems from fear. It is true that anger is something Native women writers should address because it is a very significant theme and force in our writing. However the concept of fear as a root of anger is not true for women of color. The anger is a direct result of feeling and in fact being powerless and unheard by the dominant European.

Much of our writing has as its theme anger at those conditions and forces that have sought to render Native people powerless and voiceless: Residential schools, the Church and its missionaries; white tyrannical teachers trying to make Indian students believe their ways, beliefs, language, religion, and physical being are of no value; child abduction, rape, murder, sterilization, germ warfare in the form of diseased blankets, and even up until just thirty short years ago the denial of legal and political representation. We were not allowed to vote for the leaders of our own land.

In terms of this struggle we are engaged in Paula Gunn Allen says, in her book The Sacred Hoop, that "For women this means fighting ...sometimes violent and always virulent racist attitudes and behaviours directed against us by an entertainment and educational system that wants only one thing from Indians: our silence, our invisibility, our collective death." She goes on to cite an example of what kinds of things are being done to us collectively: "It is believed that at least 80 percent of the Native Women seen at the regional psychiatric service center...have experienced some sort of sexual assault." (Gunn Allen, 1987, 119) Not only do native women have to deal with the hardships the average white person has but our load is magnified by the poverty, racist sexism, without the benefit of coping mechanisms, because our family structures

were decimated. If there is fear beneath our anger it is the fear that our multi-generational anger might be unjustly and accidentally hurled on to one of our own or on the innocent or on one of the truth seekers in our lives.

In I Am Woman Lee Maracle articulates the condition of this anger: "I am torn apart and terrorized, not by you, my love, but by the war waging inside me... Now you will be watchful, wary, waiting for my hysteria.. Just as I am on guard against your anger." (Maracle, 1988, 39) The victim of our large and looming anger, is our very selves. We are powerless to act out anger any other way. The suicide rate of young Native people is now eerily famous and this occurrence is mourned in Slash, I Am Woman, as well as in Paula Gunn Allen's The Sacred Hoop. We turn anger inward because it is hard to make out who the one real enemy is -a belief system, there is no target at which to aim our very reasonable and natural anger. This dilemma is found in Lee's poem "Hate": "Blinded by niceties and polite liberality we can't see our enemy, so, we'll just have to kill each other." (Maracle, 1988, 12) By illuminating the real enemies, real sources, from which our self-inflicted pains/violence stem Lee clarifies for Native people, what is clearly going on and what the dynamics and forces are which have shaped our history and which are shaping our lives today. We have a place to start to change those conditions in our lives which oppress us, a place and knowledge with which to empower ourselves. Perhaps the fear that woman was speaking of was the fear of where the power of one's anger will be directed. Let it be clarified that the real root to all of this silence, anger, fear is the very real racism Native women are trying to survive. Racism and sexism implicate one's whole being, it is hard not to reflect on these experiences frequently and almost obsessively. Much of Lee Maracle's book I Am Woman addresses the reality of racism and internalized racism. In speaking about the people she loves she says: "In all of the stories runs a single common thread; racism is for us, not an ideology in the abstract, but a very real and practical part of our lives. The pain, the effect, the shame are all real." (Maracle, 1988, 2) We are able to survive through writing.

In breaking silence we can transform anger and combat racism. The act of writing is an incredibly liberating force. An illustration of this is seen in Lee Maracle's story about the "L'ilwat Child" who was denied a seat on the school bus until the teacher's authority, not the child's human rights, coerced the rude European

children to move over for the child. Lee's response to this exemplifies how writing out one's anger can be useful when she says, "I let the scream sink slowly into oblivion. I went home to scream my rage to a blank sheet of paper. I had not moved to comfort that child either. I betrayed myself yet again. For my hungry, aching spirit, the pen is mightier than the sword." (Maracle, 1988, 109)

Through expressing our anger towards what is really working against us we can prevent it from turning inward on ourselves. Chrystos illustrates the many sources of her anger and how this anger is a strength in her poem "I Walk In The History of My People": "In the scars of my knees you can see children torn from their families bludgeoned into government schools. Anger is my crutch I hold myself upright with it my knee is wounded see How I Am Still Walking." (Chrystos, 1988, 7) In order to know what is really working against us we have to be able question, reflect on one's experience and see it in relation to and in dynamic with other people and environs. What better a place to paint the picture of one's experience and relationships than on paper. On paper we can do something at times and in situations where it may not be possible to do anything else. On paper we can confront the enemy who is not embodied in any one human being. We can question our thinking, we can address someone who is simply too powerful to confront in person. This is the power of writing, taking action with the voice and hand, moving thought into physical being, taking it further than one's mind will allow and giving it away to other people. We nurture thought and re-create the world: Woman-word-uniting power.

ERASING INVISIBILITY AND CREATING OUR OWN IDENTITIES IN WORDS

Besides transforming anger and combatting racism writing is also an excellent way to create our own images of who we are and, erase invisibility and proclaim Native men and women as distinct and valuable people. In a world where Native people are more or less invisible in all modes of reflection - media, decision-making positions, positions of power, education curriculum, etc. — and are viewed as secondary citizens, media communication is an effective way of breaking the silence and changing the false images of native people. Communication allows and sometimes encourages alternatives to the institutional political and social structures which maintain and reflect the racist and patriarchal attitudes of the European

Lee Maracle creates a positive image for Native people when she says "I want to look across the table in my own kitchen and see, in the brown eyes of the man that shares my life, the beauty of my own reflection...I want the standard for our judgement of our brilliance, our beauty and our passions, to be ourselves." (Maracle, 1988, 19) She also says that "By standing up and laying myself bare, I erased invisibility as a goal for the young Native women around me." (Maracle, 1988, 9) Chicano writer Gloria Anzuldua says,

For a woman of color to write... personally and also about her culture...she goes back to her past... states of depression...of anger...of being violated...and she has to recreate them. She's got to reckon with these things that make up the abyss. ("Remembering and Subverting Strategies in the Literature of Women of Color". June 1988)

Gloria also says that women of color have many different states of consciousness.

Between subculture and mass culture, between male and female, between the ideologies that are feminine and the ideologies that are patriarchal, the splicing of different culture shifting events.. shifting perspectives, and woman of color does this in her writing. (ibid. June 1988)

We are a different people even from our ancestors but we are still First Nations people, Sto:lo, Dene, Okanagan, Cree etc. Cultures are not static they are in constant movement and change and development and so it is with First Nations cultures. Gloria Anzuldua says that because our culture has been segmented by the genocidal actions and we have become so overloaded with misbeliefs about

ourselves "we've taken the occupied self and tried to recover the essential self by deconstructing history and deconstructing cultural theories according to white people and then putting all the pieces of ourselves together in our writing, in our art, in our thought." She says that somebody who reads her writing might say "it's really disorganized, it's not structured. But the structure is a different kind of structure. It's not a linear structure, it's not a common logical structure, it's not a hierarchical structure but it is a..." circular and organic structure based on the matriarchal and cooperative, cultural thought of her *Indianness*. Native women are faced with the limits of the English language to express their experience and world view.

BREAKING SILENCE AND PERPETUATING THE POWER OF THE INDIAN WORLD VIEW

Besides transforming anger and combatting racism through creating new images and expressions of who we are, by writing we can make changes in the thinking of Europeans. We can reinforce and perpetuate the values and belief systems, our traditions — the fundamental power of our existence. One cannot understand or define in it's entirety the philosophy of entire nations of people in a paragraph however important fundamental differences can be explained. In Indian thought things are whole co-operative and balanced. In European thought things are separated and put in a hierarchical order. The European sees spirit as a human derivative and associated with death. The Native person sees spirit as being the essence of the physical. It comes from within and is associated with life force. Spirit never comes or goes. It always is a matter of existence. Paula Gunn Allen points out

In English, one can divide the universe into two parts: the natural and the supernatural. This necessarily forces English-speaking people into a position of alienation from the world they live in. Such isolation is entirely foreign to American Indian thought. (Gunn Allen, 1986, 60)

It is spiritual connectedness between and within all that exists that has been one of our greatest weapons, healers, liberators in our battles against genocide. This view of the world persists.

Lee Maracle talks about how she relied on spiritual healing

at a point in her life when white doctors told her she was dying. She connected and worked with and for her community and undertook spiritual healing and this coupled with the love she shared with her partner brought her back to life. Jeannette Armstrong's character Slash reaches into his spiritual understanding and goes into his past to bring forth his song at a time when all his physical, emotional and mental resources are spent. At this time when life was unbearable, suicide seemed to be his only alternative but it was his spiritual understanding that empowered him to carry on, eventually uniting all aspects of his once torn apart life and reconciling the past with the present: "The song vibrated through every fibre of my body like a light touch of wings, and the hard ball inside my chest seemed to melt and spread like warm mist across my chest...I couldn't stop for a long time...I felt okay for the first time in about three or four years." (Armstrong, 1985, 68)

Paula Gunn Allen quotes Laguna/Sioux writer Carol Lee Sanchez as saying, she,

"writes as a way of connecting to her people...What she does is ...knit the old ways to the new circumstances in such a way that the fundamental worldview of the tribe will not be distorted or destroyed. In her task she uses every resource of her present existence: technology and myth, politics and motherhood, ritual balance and clearsighted utterance, ironic comments and historical perspective." (Gunn Allen, 1986, 180)

The work of expressing a highly sophisticated world view into the limiting structures of the English language is arduous. It is undertaken by those with courage, self-reliance, imagination, and a need for justice, balance, wholeness. The powerful connection between language and thought is exemplified by Jeannette Armstrong's statement,

"Non-sexist thinking is deeply imbedded in our cultures and must be seen from a broader perspective than the warped point of view of a culture whose orientation is always male or female oriented rather than human oriented. (Armstrong, 1988, "Voices of Native Women in Literature")

This is reflected in her Okanagan language which has no "pronouns to refer to he or she. There is no way we can refer to he or she in any sense of the word. People are addressed and referred to by name, by occupation, by familial role, or by clan." (Armstrong, 1988, "Voices of Native Women in Literature") Further, the power of her people's thinking and language is reflected by the fact that "Rape was totally unheard of in pre-contact cultures. In particular in Okanagan culture it was totally unheard of not because of the punishments but because of the high elevation of human dignity and personal freedoms that we enjoyed." Jeannette ends by saying that writing is itself a sacred act because,

"...it manifests thought which originates within the spiritual world and manifests itself into the physical world through word. It makes it physical by transferring by word, understanding'. Understanding being the foundation of our Beings, therefore being holy. So we say to people speak softly but truthfully, when it is necessary, and it is now necessary." (Armstrong, 1988)

We understand that to truly change this world we cannot react in a European way. We do not want this world to continue it's debasement of humanity and the natural balance of the earth. We do not want to continue the violence and oppression that has become the way of the European. Lee says in her "L'ilwat Child" story that "Europe has much to learn from our example. Be ever so thankful that I have not forgotten my ancestors and looked upon myself as just a person or I should have exploded in good European style on those children. I should have slapped them both." (Maracle, 1988, 109) We must use our own understandings of wholeness and balance and not bend to the violent means of domination and separation that history has proven are the European's goals: "divide and conquer" as the old adage goes. "Unite and nurture" would be more to the First Nations person's way of thinking.

SUMMARY

To a people whose word has such fundamental significance to their lives, to be stripped of their language is a devastating act of genocide. The significance of being denied the physical and spiritual power of language is to be denied that which is at the core of

one's being and existence. The loss of much of our languages, has greatly silenced Native people. The English language is limiting in it's patriarchal definitions and structures which leave very little room for ceremonial or spiritual understandings of relationships. The English language does not fit well with the belief systems and world view of Native people. We were supposed to forget our own world view and language and adopt the language and world view of the European.. Some bought it and some didn't, many didn't survive the brutalizations but some have and are seeking justice for our people. Paula Gunn Allen states "the fragmentation of consciousness that might be expected to result from...massive cultural breakdown is a surface breakdown...Indian values, perceptions, and understandings have clung tenaciously to life, informing the work of writers and artists as they inform the lives of all Indian people. (Gunn Allen, 1986, 182-183) The battle is still going on and the front seems to be ideology, the weapon the word, and the action, informing both First Nations people and people from other nations who we live with about the healing and empowering values of our traditions and world view. With history being made up of the voices of all nations, all peoples instead of just one European people, the sand will be taken out of the eyes of Europeans showing them what their own history and world view has been doing all these years. A real new world shall be born.

CONCLUSION

In referring to the words, artistry, and political sight of Lee Maracle, along with other examples from the works and words of Crystos, Jeannette Armstrong, Paula Gunn Allen, Gloria Anzuldua, it is apparent that embodied and working within the written testimonies of Native women are empowerment and healing bound to the spiritual power essence that exists within all that is and all that connects. In their writing they are breaking silence, fighting rascism and patriarchy, subverting English and creating their own language, putting the English word to the test of an Indian world view, reconciling their tribal pasts with their individual presents, empowering and transforming anger into knowing, self-inspiring and inspiring others, dealing with the internalized rascism, uniting powers, transforming the spiritual to the physical, maintaining the

world view, values and responsibility to the oral/word sacredness perpetuated by their grandmothers, maintaining and enlivening their spiritual understanding and connectedness within all that exists, organic or not.

The boundaries of essay writing prevent further and more in depth analysis and celebration of Native women's recent written works. However it is hoped that further studies and scrutinies and appreciation of these works will soon be undertaken by those who are looking for healing, empowerment, and hopeful visions of a universe where there is humanity; where there is spirit; where difference is celebrated, lived and loved. These women's words are recreating and creating their individual selves, the nations and communities they are members of and the world of all that exists.

SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

BOOKS

Allen, Paula Gunn. The Sacred Hoop: Recovering the Feminine in American Indian Traditions. Boston: Beacon Press, 1986.

Armstrong, Jeannette. Slash. Penticton: Theytus Books, 1985.

Chrystos. Not Vanishing. Vancouver: Press Gang Publishers, 1988.

Maracle, Lee. I Am Woman. North Vancouver: Write-on Press Publishers Ltd., 1988.

SOUND RECORDINGS

Anzuldua, Gloria. Remembering and Subverting Strategies in the Literature of Women of Color. Cassette of workshop, Third International Feminist Book Fair. Montreal: June 1988.

Armstrong, Jeannette. Voices of Native Women in Literature, Cassette of workshop, Third International Feminist Book Fair. Montreal: June 1988.

Routine Check by Joseph Bruchac

Late winter snow feathers the sky as a voice on the line from some place I have never been asks me if I remember who called my number from Des Moines, Iowa on the 17th of September

I don't know anyone in Des Moines, but then, disembodied that business-like voice suggests the caller may have been an Indian from Rosebud, South Dakota

Leonard Crow Dog,
I think,
but before I can speak,
I am asked this question:
By any chance,
do I belong
to their religion?
What religion is that?
You know,
The Sun Dance.

May I ask, I ask What this is for?

Just a routine check, just a routine check, just a routine check on a credit card number. Late winter snow falls on the Paha Sapa the sacred Black Hills which know no religion which cannot be owned like credit card numbers

There, routine checks at Pine Ridge and Rosebud turn up Indians, snow in open mouths government bullets in their backs

There, at roadblocks manned by BIA ghosts voices ask in that efficient tone neutral as white paper Do you belong?

They receive no answer, only the wind the spirit of Crazy Horse thrusting his pony against the snow, believing in spring

Bicenti by Anna Lee Walters

Things weren't right.

Maya sat on the mattress and sank into its springs and lumps. She contemplated the squareness of the small room, sharpened by the afternoon shadows strewn across the floor. The angular walls, the floor and ceiling tiles cut impotently into infinite space and time, but the fragile structure confined her there indefinitely. She stared out the rectangular window to an identical house across the street, and closed her eyes tightly.

"I have this feeling that something is wrong," Maya said sheepishly to Wilma, when Wilma entered the room. Wilma was round and her circular shadow broke up the box space in the sparsely furnished room as Wilma gestured and moved around.

"Oh? What's the matter?" Wilma asked with concern. Her eyebrows lifted in a question.

Maya's oval brown face cracked slowly into a crooked smile. She asked, "Did you ever look at this room, Wilma? The squareness of our little worlds? The insignificant walls? Have you ever wondered if there were a futility and senselessness in these structures? Why are we so infatuated with squares? Are there squares in the real world?" Maya giggled at herself and pointed out the window with her last question.

As Wilma sipped her coffee noisily, she studied Maya's face. It wore a nervous frown that was there one minute and gone the next. "You didn't come here to ask me about this room," Wilma said matter-of-factly. "You didn't drive all the way from Albuquerque to Santa Fe, to question me about this room. Huhuh."

Maya put down her own mug of coffee and looked into the eyes of her old friend intently for a few seconds, making a decision to tell Wilma everything. She dropped her voice to barely a whisper. Wilma had to lean toward Maya to catch the words Maya let go. The words visibly hung in the air between the two women for seconds. Maya said, "Things have been happening to me lately. I've lost some things. Well..., actually they were taken, you know, uh... stolen." Maya watched Wilma's response. Wilma's face was blank. Maya continued, "Then, there have been accidents on the highway, traffic accidents, all occurring within seconds from me. Too close!"

Wilma was sipping coffee. Her shadow slipped under

her and stayed a step ahead of her as she glided to a chair, one of three pieces of furniture in the room. Maya bent and leaned even closer to Wilma. The wooden chair holding Maya's weight made a little sound. Planes of light and shadow played over Maya's face as she asked Wilma, "Do you know what I am talking about?" The frown was laying over Maya's face again.

Wilma nodded her head decisively. "Yes.... oh sure. I was just thinking about things you can do about it. First, tell me about the items you've lost. Did you get anything back? Returned to you?"

Maya leaned forward and held her oval face in her long fingers. Her pointed elbows were on her knees. "Well, first two blankets disappeared. That pretty purple one with the tan and black stripes. Then I missed a red one with green fringes, both taken from the place I am now staying, in Albuquerque."

"Go on," Wilma encouraged. Maya looked thoughtful and far away. Maya's round figure stood before the rectangular window. Clouds floated on her shoulders and through her black hair.

"A purse was taken next. Everything in it," Maya said. She waved her purse with a soft bare arm. A streak of sunlight radiated under her arm.

"And the accidents?" Wilma prodded.

"Always to other people, just ahead, or just behind me, a split second from me. As far as you are to me. It's happened three times now, people died each time." Maya poured the remaining coffee into her mouth and sat back on the chair.

The room became quiet. The sunlight on the floor crawled from Wilma's feet to Maya's, half-way across the room. Maya's face went through a variety of expressions in this silence, while Wilma's face stayed blank, non-committal.

Then Wilma soothed Maya's prolonged frown. "Stay here tonight, you can - can't you? We'll talk and think this thing through. Okay?"

Maya nodded her head, though she did not speak. She went again to the window, staring beyond the house across the street, into infinite space and time.

"If we can't come up with any solutions, then you go to Bicenti. You ought to anyway, to find out about your missing things. He will locate them for you. Okay?" Wilma asked while Maya nodded her head again. Their shadows had stretched

longer by then, and the planes of the room were elongated, distorted by the hour at hand.

The Sangre de Cristo Mountains loomed in the east, soft and rolling cones, under a melting orange and purple sky. This evening was cool, a gentle wind from the south played on the two women.

Maya and Wilma sat on the porch. Wilma hummed a tribal song as the two watched the mountains, and the sky and clouds dissolve into darkness.

Maya said, "Wilma, you've been listening to my problems all day. I didn't even ask you about the vandalism you have been experiencing out here. What's happening?"

Wilma answered, "Well, we are about ten miles from town. I guess distance may have something to do with it. But things have been quiet lately. If you don't count the weird incident that happened next door." She raised a finger and indicated her nearest neighbour's house. Then she continued, "It happened about a month ago. And Maya, you can't really call it vandalism. All that can be said about it is that it was *very strange*. Bizzare might be the word to describe it. That reminds me, Maya, you ought to park your car up here by the house."

"Well anyway," she went back to her story, "this lady and her husband next door, they're Spanish people...One evening they came home and parked their car out in the parking lot in front of their house. See? The next morning, the car was upside down. It was pretty strange. No one heard a sound during the night. But sure enough, the next morning there was this car sitting in the exact spot where it had been parked the evening before, but it was upside down!"

Maya laughed, "I guess so! I hope things like that don't happen too often. Are you afraid living out here by yourself?"

"Not at all," Wilma chuckled. "I usually enjoy it. I can't stand the thought of living cooped up in town. The houses are so close together. We're close here too - but it's different. Besides Raoul is here more often than not. You haven't met him but you'll like him, Maya, when you do meet him. He's mostly Spanish, but he's part Indian too."

"Is everyone here Spanish?" Maya wanted to know.

"Mixed, but mostly Spanish. There's a Taos family on the other side, and old Comanche woman down the street, and then there are *Din'e* - Navajos." She laughed. "The rest are *Bilagaana* or

Nakai." As an after thought, Wilma said, "Indians are everywhere, no matter where you go."

Maya smiled. "It's a nice, peaceful community," she said. "Too bad about the vandalism. As often as I've been here, I would never have known the problem exists out here - if you hadn't told me."

The two women sat there for a while longer until Wilma asked Maya if she were tired. Maya admitted that she was, stress had taken it's toll. Before they retired, Wilma said, "Maya, why don't you move your car up here, beside the porch?"

Maya stretched out on top of a sleeping bag in the middle of Wilma's square floor. Her eyelids soon twitched in a deep sleep.

Wilma stood over her friend for a long time that night, thinking of the words Maya had dropped in the next room. A frown creased Wilma's forehead now that Maya couldn't see. Wilma went to the only window in this room to close the drapes. She raised the window several inches to allow a breeze to circulate. She saw Maya's car sitting under a streetlamp that emitted a yellow circle of light around the car.

About midnight, Maya woke. Her eyes stared into the blackness of the square room. She was fully conscious. Her thoughts went immediately to her car. "They're doing something to it," she whispered. She rose, went to the window and looked out. The car sat safely under the high beam of the streetlamp. Maya breathed a sigh of relief. She sat in the rocking chair beside the window and kept a vigil over her car for a few minutes. Then, satisfied that for the moment it was safe, she lay back inside the sleeping bag. The breeze was stronger, billowing the drapes.

At 5:30 the next morning, the alarm clock buzzed.
The Sangre de Cristo Mountains were a faint shape outside Wilma's house. A white line curved around the horizon of the mountains, sun streaks spread fan-like at one end of the

range.

Wilma got out of bed and stopped the buzzing alarm. The house was all dark. She walked from her room to the one where Maya slept. She pulled the cord at the window. The drapes, like stage curtains, parted on the glowing horizon. A cold wave slid into the room. The window was still open. Outside in the parking lot, the streetlamps were dark. Wilma could see the

faint blue mountains in the east, the silhouette of night in the west engulfed nearby houses.

Wilma went to the kitchen to put coffee in the percolator. She turned on the radio. Its dials were florescent when Wilma flipped off the light switch.

Then she went into the bathroom, stripped off her clothes, and went naked into the bathroom. In a few minutes, the shower could be heard.

Maya woke to a country and western singer moaning on the radio and the shower beating into the bathtub. She lay there a moment with her eyes closed listening to the music drift into the room. The odor of perking coffee followed the music.

When Wilma entered the room in a long white terry-cloth robe, Maya asked, "What time is it? I have to be in Albuquerque by 8. I have one of those awful early classes today."

"It's about 5:45," Wilma answered drying her long hair with a red towel. "I set the alarm a half hour early, so we can visit a little longer. I have to go to work too. I hope you don't mind my getting you up so early."

"Oh no, I'm glad you did," Maya said. She sat on the sleeping bag and added, "Wilma, thanks for everything. I feel much better, refreshed, and in a clean frame of mind. I'll go to Bicenti this weekend."

"Good, I'm glad that's settled," Wilma answered, shaking out her long wet hair that had fallen to her waist. She said, "Maya, I think the coffee's ready. You want some?"

But Maya held up a hand and said, "I'll jump in the shower first." She gathered her clothes and carried a small suitcase into the bathroom. The light in there escaped from under the closed door. The rest of the house was dark.

Wilma went to lower the open window in the room. Her wet hair had chilled her. While she was pulling down the window, she looked toward Maya's car. It was assuming a vague shape in the dawn. Wilma paused momentarily straining her eyes at the car. "Hmm," she said and went into the kitchen. She poured a cup of coffee and looked at the radio when the female announcer came on and said in a seductive voice. "Good morning, sleepyhead. It's six a.m."

Not too long after, Maya's feet padded into the room. Her hair was wrapped in a towel turban-style. She wore blue jeans and a turquoise blouse. Her toes stuck out of her house shoes. She poured herself a cup of coffee and took a taste. That's when Wilma said, "Maya, it looks like there is something on your car."

"Oh?" was Maya's response. Her feet padded to the open window. The sun had not risen yet, but the mountains were purple and the sky above them was a delicate pink. Daylight was spreading tentatively toward Wilma's community. The community buildings however were still square silhouettes against the fingers of dawn. "It's a beautiful morning," Maya's first observation. Then her eyes went to the car.

There was something on it, but she was near-sighted and without her glasses. She said, "Yes, Wilma, there does seem to be something on it. But I can't make it out that well." Her words made her remember the vigil at midnight.

Wilma stood at Maya's side. She said, "Let's go see. Maybe they punctured the tires, or something like that."

The two women walked out of the house. Maya carried her mug of coffee. They stood on the porch. Wilma pointed to her flower bed. The flowers were uncurling. They walked past the marigolds and down to the parking lot. None of the other houses were lit, not even the apartment complex at the end of the block. The local streets were empty of early morning traffic. "That's strange," Maya said. "There doesn't seem to be anyone stirring but us."

Wilma looked up and down the streets, her damp hair clung to her shoulders. "Yes, that's right, isn't it?" she agreed with Maya. The domed sky was turning a pale blue. Clouds skirted the mountaintops.

Maya's car pointed north. As she walked toward it, she noted that the windows were unbroken, the tires inflated. The car appeared to be unharmed, at least on one side. But what was that on top of it? A black shadow lay on the roof of the car. It stretched the entire length of the roof. Maya and Wilma stopped about ten feet from the car. Their eyes locked briefly. Then both women had the same thought, they gazed at the houses around them. The houses were mute and lifeless forms. Wilma pulled her wet hair over her right shoulder and looked southwest. The Sandia Mountains were now distinguishable in the dawn. A crescent moon glittered on Sandia Peak. A few cars on Interstate 40 still had their headlights on. These lights zipped east and west without a sound.

"Strange," commented Wilma. Maya took a shaky step closer to the shadow on her car. Wilma followed. And when Maya stopped just at the left headlight, Wilma did too.

"What in the world?" Wilma asked in a breathy and

perplexed voice.

Maya was frozen for a second, desperately sorting images that flashed before her eyes. She saw herself standing in front the car, moving like an actress in a bizarre play, detached from herself, but nevertheless affected. The only thing she could say was, "What?", and again, "What...?"

The thing on the car grew into a foreboding shape in morning light. A large dog was draped over the roof of the car. The outline of its head was clearly discernible.

"What?" Maya repeated. "How...?" She didn't finish the question.

The animal did not move. Maya half expected it to pounce on her or off the car. Again Maya's eyes zeroed in on the houses. Not a curtain in any window fluttered. She noted that Wilma too was studying the houses. When the dog did not move, Maya put her coffee mug on the hood of the car and took another step.

It was then that she saw the spray of blood covering the front of the window, on the passenger side. It had dripped down the side windows on the other side of the car. Dried pools of red stained the cement.

The jaws of the dog hung open and it looked as if this was from where the blood had gushed until the animal was thoroughly drained.

Maya tried to make sense of the scene. She went through a flood of emotion; anger, compassion, for the dead animal, and resolution not to submit to fear.

"Let's go inside," she told Wilma. Wilma nodded, grabbed the mug she had placed on the hood of the car, and involuntarily shivered.

Inside the house, Maya grabbed Wilma by the shoulders and asked, "What's happening?"

Wilma's eyes were round and her mouth was round too as she said, "Oh, Maya, I don't know. It's like that incident with the car. Weird as hell. What shall we do?"

"I don't know," Maya said, "Let me think." she kicked off

her house shoes and slipped on leather sandles. While she did this, Wilma threw on the clothes she wore the day before. "We have to get rid of it," Maya said. "Someone gave that thing to me. I don't want it and I refuse it. I'm taking it back to wherever it came from..."

"We'll have to clean the car," Wilma said. She ran to get a plastic jar of dish detergent, and she filled a tupperware bowl with warm water.

"I don't get it," Maya said looking out the window once more. "Where is everyone? There used to be early morning traffic here, I remember that!"

"Don't try to figure it out now, Maya. Let's act, move, do something!" Wilma said. "This absence of the neighbors - maybe we can use it to our advantage."

"Yeah, okay," Maya nodded her head. She took a roll of paper towels Wilma handed to her.

Again, they ventured out. The sky was opaque, the sun had not yet climbed the lowest mountains. Not one car passed on this street, or down the side streets.

Maya and Wilma acted quickly and in coordination. The two women lifted the dead animal off the roof of the car. Its body was stiff and heavy. It must have weighed a good seventy pounds. They laid the rigid body just off the walkway in front of Maya's car. Again anger filled Maya as she poured soapy water on the dried blood. Wilma scrubbed the front of the car while Maya did the side, wiping the car clean and dry with paper towels. It took a few minutes. Wilma went back inside the house. Maya stayed to empty the remaining water on the pools of blood on the cement. The soapy water colored a pink tint and ran in rivulets down the street.

Then Maya noticed something she hadn't seen before. A trail of blood led to her car from across the street. She followed it and came upon another pool of blood just in front of the house opposite Wilma's house. From there the trail went down the block. Maya stood in front of that house for a moment. Then she quickly walked to the place where she and Wilma had carefully laid the animal, a few feet from the car.

She picked up the stiffened body by its front and back legs, and she carried it across the street, struggling with her burden and panting when she was done. She left the dog in the pool of dried blood there, stood defiantly and challengingly in

front of that house. There were no signs of life in the neighborhood yet. She scooped up a handful of dirt from that yard and carried it to her car where she scattered it over the drying pools of water and blood. She rubbed the dirt over the cement viciously with her sandals. The blood darkened to brown spots.

"Now," Maya whispered, "We'll see what happens."

At that moment a light came on in a house on the corner. She heard a door slam somewhere. A quick look inside her car reasurred her that nothing more had been done to it. The tires were in good shape. She retraced her steps to Wilma's house. Wilma met her at the door. Wilma's wet hair was tied with a rubber band and she wore a sweater.

"What now?" Wilma wanted to know.

"We wait and see what happens," Maya said. "No matter what does happen though, we don't know anything about that dog, okay?"

"It's the best way," Wilma said.

Maya unwrapped the towel around her head. "What time is it?" she asked.

"It's about 6:40," Wilma said, "You should leave before 7 if you want to make that class."

Maya asked, "Will you be all right?"

Wilma went into the kitchen, searching for the coffee cup she'd put down someplace earlier. As she poured a hot cupful of coffee, she answered, "I'll go to work. No, maybe I won't. I have to leave anyway. But, I'll be all right."

Footsteps were coming down the sidewalk outside. Wilma came out of the kitchen and looked questioningly at Maya. The steps ended on her front porch. Someone pounded on the door.

Wilma opened it. Maya sat in the living room and listened. "What did you do with the dog?" a female voice asked in a huff.

Maya heard Wilma answer innocently, "What dog?"
The woman repeated the question. Wilma asked again,
"What dog? What are you talking about?"

To this, the woman shrieked, "You're going to pay! Killers!"

Wilma then said, "Look lady, calm down. If I can help you in some way..."

But the woman interrupted the offer of help, threatening

Wilma with curses and vile names. Maya heard Wilma close the door.

Wilma returned to Maya. She looked calm, but Maya saw her hands shaking. "Did she frighten you? Who was she?" Maya asked.

"I don't know," Wilma said, "but it wasn't the woman who scared me. It was the man.

"The man?" Maya asked in surprise.

"Yes," Wilma said. "There was a man with her, standing behind her the whole time. He stood there in silence and made obscene gestures at me. His gyrations were so unnatural, not humanly possible. It scared the hell out of me!"

"You didn't show it did you?" Maya asked in alarm. "Fear won't help us Wilma."

"No, I don't think it showed. I was just so startled. But it was the damndest thing!" Wilma gulped her coffee. Maya put an arm around her friend. "Are you okay?" Maya asked. Wilma shuddered, but managed a smile.

"Listen, I'm going to have to leave. I hate to just walk away like this, I don't understand any of this," Maya said.

"It may be that walking away is the only way to respond," Wilma said pursing her lips. "But I am convinced that you need to see Bicenti, now more than ever."

Maya nodded in complete agreement.

Footsteps were at the door again. Wilma looked at Maya and went to the door. "Killers!" the woman was screaming. "The state police are coming after you." Maya saw her lift a pudgy finger and stick it in Wilma's face. The woman was clownish in appearance, her face painted in brilliant hues. Maya stood behind Wilma.

There was a man with the woman. He was dark, possibly Hispanic or Indian. He bobbed up and down, as if there were springs in his legs and feet. He waved his arms imitating a grounded bird, and he contorted his face into grotesque masks that changed and flitted away as quickly as they settled over his features. Then his hands went to the crotch of his pants and he mimed an unearthly performance, contorting his body beyond the bounds of human ability. The woman with him blocking the doorway was unconcerned with his antics, she continued to shout obscenities at Wilma. They poured out in a torrent of stinging words.

Then Maya said to the woman, slowly and very clearly, "I don't know what's happening, or who you are - but you are not welcome here, and neither is anything that you bring with you." The words hung in the doorway for seconds.

The woman's eyes blinked surprise at Maya's words. For a moment, the woman's own stream of words stopped. She balanced her bulky weight on one foot. Her painted face became a frozen mask. The dark man behind the woman ceased his gyrations for a split second fracturing time and space after Maya spoke. He poised himself in the interlude, unnaturally immobile. The feat was startling. Maya was elated, felt a jab of tiny victory that her words had somehow paused his weird pantomime.

"Close the door," Maya said in Wilma's ear. Wilma pushed the door shut on the two figures. Outside, the woman again started her harangue, and then the din subsided. There were no sounds of departing footsteps. Only abrupt silence.

Wilma went to the window to observe the walkways and parking lot. "Nothing," she said in a low voice to Maya. "Nothing."

They gathered up Maya's things and prepared to go to Maya's car. Maya took out her keys from her pants pocket. They were ready to face whatever waited outside.

Before Maya opened the door, she said to Wilma. "Wait until I see if the car is going to start. Don't leave me until I know for sure. Then I'll wait until you're back inside before I drive away."

The streets were silent. None of the occupants of the dozen houses around them were visible. Wilma and Maya were completely alone. The orange rim of the sun was spreading up behind the mountains then.

"I'm sorry to have to leave like this," Wilma said. "But don't worry about me. I'll let Raoul take me to someone like Bicenti and learn something about this mess. I'll be all right. Now you just promise me that you'll see Bicenti as soon as possible. Promise."

Maya nodded and looked back toward Wilma's house. That dark man who had been on Wilma's porch a few minutes earlier now stood on the walk. Maya's head went up sharply and she sucked in a deep breath. Wilma turned to see what had affected Maya this way. The man seemed suspended there on a

background of cumulus clouds. He was detached from the earth and everything that Wilma and Maya knew. He began to bob, spring up and down, a jumping-jack. Again, his hands went to his pants crotch and Maya turned away. So did Wilma.

"Is it possible that I am 'cracking up'?" Maya asked Wilma. Wilma smiled a caring and trusting smile. "If you are, I am too," she told Maya. "Look, Maya - don't mention this, what's happened here to anyone. You know what I mean, other than the likes of Bicenti. Few people understand, have seen beyond..."

Maya looked again to where the dark man had been. He'd disappeared into Santa Fe's thin air. "Yeah," Maya said, "I know. I agree. Our people understand..., this kind of fracture of space, and time... But like you say, there's only a few who do. Don't worry, I won't say anything. Now you go inside as soon as the car starts." She unlocked the car, took her glasses from the glove compartment, and put the key in the ignition. The car started smoothly.

"Okay," Maya said to Wilma, "go on. I'll wait until you get inside." Wilma reached inside the car and hugged Maya, then she turned and retreated to the house.

Maya backed out of the parking lot slowly, noting that the curtains in a few houses were moving. She turned on the radio and set the dial on the Santa Fe station. The woman's voice had not abandoned the seductive tone. And it was now 7:05.

Wilma waited alone in her house all day, expecting something to happen but nothing did. About mid-morning, the neighbors showed some signs of life and activity. Cars cruised the streets.

Maya drove directly to Albuquerque, negotiating the tricky freeway traffic in time to make her 8:15 class at the university. But her mind played a reel of events that had happened to her recently; broken images of the dawning hours returned to her. By then, she was doubting her senses, asking herself if any of it had happened. In a university parking lot, she climbed out of her car, ambivalent about what she should do. She gathered her books from the trunk and slammed it down hard. Then she went to put a quarter into the meter. Splotches of dried red blood on the car caught her eye. Suddenly her doubts vanished, her mind cleared. She set her jaw in determination, and she climbed back into the car. Bicenti was in Arizona six hours away.

It was nearly four when Maya arrived home. Her family met her at the front door. "What's wrong, mom?" one of her children asked. "You're not supposed to be home yet. Are you cutting class?" The boy laughed and then he noticed Maya's strained face. he asked, "Are you all right?"

"No," Maya answered. "Let's talk."

In Santa Fe, Raoul knocked on Wilma's door. Wilma let him in. He hugged her, his white even teeth showing in a wide smile. "How's my girl today?" he asked.

Wilma answered him, "Raoul, how would you like to take me for a long ride today?"

"How long?" Raoul questioned.

"To Ca~noncito, thirty miles from Albuquerque," Wilma told him. "I'll make it worth your while," she said with a wink.

"Okay by me, but why are we going to Can~oncito?" Raoul inquired.

"I have to see a man there," Wilma said.

Raoul smiled and teased, "Won't I do?"

Wilma laughed, "Afraid not, lover boy. The man we're going to see finds things, tells you what's wrong. Know what I mean?"

Raoul nodded. He understood.

At dusk, Maya and her man were riding down a treacherous road that wound through sagebrush and pi~non trees. The Chuska mountains were dark green behind them and Black Mesa was ahead of them some forty miles distant. A cribbed log *hogan* and a house were in sight at the end of the road. Sheep were penned in a nearby corral, and their bleating sailed through the evening's space and time.

Maya's man went into the house and not long after came to get Maya, waiting in the pick-up truck. "Bicenti is in the hogan," he said. He opened the truck door. Maya followed him inside the dark hogan.

Maya's man greeted Bicenti who sat on a sheepskin that covered the earthen ground. They touched each other's hands, then Maya touched Bicenti's hand, and took a place on the sheepskin beside him. Through the smoke hole, Maya watched the pink sky fade. In time Maya told him everything. Things weren't right she said intermittently while he sat and listened, not surprised at anything she said.

They left Bicenti's hogan over an hour later. The eastern

sky was sprinkled with early stars and the world appeared as it should be. Bicenti would come to Maya's house the next night. He would quietly tell all. Then he would bind the tiniest fracture in infinite space and time. Then, he would go silently away, until the next time.

"Writing which addresses the root assumptions...
the very ground on which we're standing..."



OF IDEAS

TWO-PART ISSUE --THE 3RD INTERNATIONAL FEMINIST BOOKFAIR

PART II: LANGUAGE/DIFFERENCE: WRITING IN TONGUES

RADICAL FEMINIST THEORY Experimental Prose Translations Reviews

Lee Maracle - Moving Over • Susanne de Lotbinière-Harwood - I Write Le Body Bilingual • Jeannette C. Armstrong - Cultural Robbery, Imperialism: Voices of Native Women • Conversations at the Book Fair - Interviews with Lee Maracle and Gloria Anzaldua • Gloria Anzaldua - Border Crossings • Michèle Causse - (): Interview • Ruthann Robson - Nightshade • Verena Stefan - Literally Dreaming • Jewelle L. Gomez - In Review: Chrystos' Not Vanishing • Linda L. Nelson - After Reading Gloria Anzaldua's Borderlands/La Frontera

TRIVIA P.O. Box 606 N. Amherst, MA 01059

TRIVIA is published three times a year.
\$14/year - individuals, \$20/year - institutions, \$16/year - out of U.S.
SAMPLE COPY: \$6.00/\$7.00.

Cheeky Moon by Annharte

Those eyes show total disgust at mothers who got sweet talked. I am the direct result —fruit of the union—the big cheek breed who bucks tradition becomes a typical troublemaker except I drink tea —Blue Ribbon brand—from a chipped enamel cup. I should cast dark images on Grey Owl's guided fantasy. His beavers led the way (never mind his wives) to his imposter identity.

I'm left to defend one lonely drop of blood. I might terminate if I get nosebleed. The degree never counts unless you practice law. I need the law of the land to respect my blood. Between you and me it's the bucket of crabs pulling us down together. I count myself lucky to salvage my ancestry in this particular drop at my time.

Bloody Jig

riel

riel

died died

lie

didn't we

take our blood back

fan out shake rattle roll

one snare drum bang one big drum

half white half chief half his people

half people jig have half the blood he had

One Way To Keep Track of Who Is Talking

If I change one word, I change history. What did I say today? Do I even remember one word? Writing is oral tradition. You have to practice the words on someone before writing it down.

I do not intend to become the world's greatest Indian orator. Maybe I might by accident. I might speak my mind even when running off my mouth like I'm doing. Language finds a tongue. Maybe it will be an Indian accent.

Counting hostile Indians is made easier because they don't talk much or very little. They look the part — the part in the middle with braids. You never do know if you are talking to an Indian.

Frozen Indians and frozen conversations predominate. We mourn the ones at Wounded Knee. Our traditions buried in one grave. Our frozen circles of silence does no honor to them. We must talk to keep our conversations from getting too dead.

Review: Being On the Moon by Lee Maracle

Poetry began as the first form of drama, story, song, all combined together. Over the centuries, several art forms arose as poetic verse. Since then, poets have striven to re-capture the rythmic, dramatic, story-song qualities in their writing. For such as myself, it is a struggle, a kind of clawing and digging around inside for what is best in me. For others, it is an academic exercise, intellectual work, so to speak. I began reading Annehartes 'Being On The Moon' after a long day in Toronto whose air is always resplendent with chemicals, smog, which turns that which lives in the throat green.

I caution patrons of poetry; do not begin reading Annharte's book at midnight after a trying day. Over and over, I let the words, the characters, the music of her work, dance about before me, until the night had passed and I had to face a new day without the benefit of a good night's rest. In fact, you don't 'read' Annharte's work, you get to know her and all the people in her life. You come to understand her sense of humanity,her love for life and the beauty of her language through her English.

The next day I heard her speak. I want to thank my grandmothers and my mother for bringing me up outside the realm of professional jealousy. Annehart is a poet. No clawing or digging produced this book, just a running record of the highlights of her life. It is as though she sat down every now and then, and talked to clean sheets of paper, as though they were living friends.

"Mocassins keep coming undone

Slight injury slows up my parade

Minding my old lady steps...

and I wanted to apologize to my own tattered moccasins who were once the skin of living moose, for not recognizing they were not just objects, but living beings.

Who said work was for us

my job is being an Indian squaw...there are no

more jobs down south

rich women want to keep our kids for a hobby scrubbing extra hard to make them white until their teens bring out that ol' Southern Comfort... so again a squaw will laugh I like my job in Indian country no white women tell me what I do.

and Annharte jumps off the page, in good honest indigenous style, her great heart laughing in the face of what was intended to be our tragedy. Thank you, Annharte, I shall never again weep on cue at the tragedy outlined by Canada for us. It is only tragedy if we are not sure of the truth inside.

> I'm tapped by her eyes double ringers under violet bruisings as she asks "Did you see a little boy standing here?" "I must be seeing a ghost" I hear she had a story she wanted to tell me.

Writers, according to Kurisowa, an honored Japanese filmist, should "never avert their eyes". For us, writers never avert their eyes or their ears. We collect stories, our folk tales and render them understandable, changeable; subtracting the tragedy and restoring the spirit to its healthy, natural state. Our writing is born of our lives and the lives of those who touch us.

For Elijah Harper

Grandma:, I sit rewitnessing genocide, birthing an endless field of tears that can't wash away our death

"Ouebec is a distinctive society" - such an innocuous demand vetoed by English pomposity.

While, eleven men sit stoutly around a green baize table the twelfth chair oddly vacant Between the lines of silience and objetions to Quebec resides their real fear

Silence violent, dogged silence surrounds the empty chair consuming our dreams.

Missing, generations of erasure by men who continue to talk about Natives

Eleven men singing in unrestained refrain Aboriginal, Aboriginal rights, minus Aboriginal people

eleven men, dressing the window of indigenous absence in silky bantering over Quebec' fate

Grandma, to grant Quebec distinction they would have to make you the twelfth disciple.

Ghost dance between the paralyzed pens of Meech's men arresting the signatory of an accord negating us.

Instead they sit, white faces shining replanting conquest as silence begs release from our endless field of tears

O Kanata my home and devastated land I am powerless to defend eleven men and an empty chair

Last Quarter Song by Daniel David Moses

Where has our Grandmother gone tonight? Our Grandmother has gone to the moon. All Grandmothers do when their business

here is done. She'll be there at least as long as the moon lasts. Her reflection on the river was so bright tonight

I almost lost my paddle. Looking back through the crystalline air at us navigating night in our canoe

don't you think she can see forever? Don't you think that we two look to her more than bright enough to make it through?

TIRED SONG

Listen to the white walls. What naysayers they are. How they run everything over.

Oh why can't they come to some dead end in their conversation? I'm tired of them

saying NEVER is when we'll arrive at our destination. I really am at

the end. Not NEVER That cannot be right. The last of snow's white in the fields and the first geese oh are ahead. Roll down the window and talk now, my friend, about

this place yielding light and wings, this road where we are now and always arriving.

Nokomis by Forrest A. Funmaker

i first saw you as a large lake on the west side of Minneapolis. There waves skittered across the surface and i knew it was you a thing of beauty wild in the city Mom told me of you dying, being killed mysteriously, i think now she was only trying to hide your beautiful image. You must have been beautiful if you were my grandma, for I am Indian and just as beautiful as you. i've seen this city change since you were alive, i've drank with the people you once nourished, ones you let use you to get their beer and whiskey, the ones i now call my friends too. We are alike grandma me and you; we've seen the inside of this cage and we have rattled it's bars, we have talked to those in need, and i'm sure we have cried the same tears. On your shores, along the sandy shores, near the waters edge, i sit thinking what you must have been like. i crack the top off this beer bottle, take a sip, and chuck it to you. Cheers Nokomis. i love you

The Story of Harry Loon

His story shoots between my ears quicker than a legacy

In ten minutes he's seen more done some heard it all

An unconscious uprising full of spirit taking care of business on parliament hill

He swims in strength's ocean beauty of work hours and shapes reality

He's Iktomi to some Nanabush to others the trickster to many a Harry Loon to me In a class at school he came into my hands through a divine mistake in a coined disguise

At a convenience store i gave the cashier twenty he gave me twenty-seven back plus a looney

i was happy i met Harry he wanted me to know that nature is great just don't fool around

a lesson in respect he acknowledged me and now rewarded me with a gold replica

Bear Mirror

Deep inside me you're cool and black Your reflections are evident Shadow me back from this city And take me home to our ways Where the grass grows high and wild And chickadees play so gleefully let me understand truth for the first time Show me so that I can do right

No one listens here the way elders did Everybody's running around like white men If it isn't a three piece suit It's who can drink the most beer Or who can smoke the most dope It's always whose more Indian? Time and time again Bad blood is always spilled

Tell me what I did wrong
Is there still time to do it right
To know the ceremonies and songs
The histories, how to use a rattle
It came to me naturally as a child
But now my nurtured soul has forgotten
I need to know our ways
Please grant me this one wish

So off to the white man's school again
I'll be back after my classes
Maybe then I learn something
Learn what the white man doesn't teach
As my thoughts extend past you
I feel you are worthwhile
Tell me again Bear Mirror
Of what it's like to be free

You Rattle We Hum

1.

With every loud blast beat of the drum
The hide shook what remained of the windows
Vibrating down the halls of Little Earth
People came from all over the Projects
To wish us thanks and sing with the drum
Before we knew it the place was filled
And the People just kept coming to sing
Somebody brought over their P.A. system
And pretty soon the whole courtyard was
electric with voices singing the songs
until the wee hours of the morning

2.

We just kept beating on that old hide Belting out the People's favorite songs When we and the People were all high The booze flowed with pinky size joints The songs made the back of our necks Tingle from person to person 'til at last We could sing no more and the People tired When we looked to see who all was there Everyone we thought was there vanished There was no real people and no P.A. Just a lonely bunch of Spirits whose Main gain to be with us was to sing

Flower Day by Alice Lee

when you died i lay you here sleep well i said what else could i do with you

i come now to clean your grave fresh flowers planted headstone dusted clean who else would do it

i hum as i work
i know
that even in death
you need me
at noon
i'll use your grave as a table
and eat
a feast in celebration
a woman
alone

Dream Maker by Maria Baptiste

Image-maker

I feel you creeping up behind me at night when I am alone

You are set to a solid purpose Filling my head with ancient relics of the past the leftover dusty bones of yesterday the long buried voices still waiting to be heard

I slip into their well worn moccasins and walk the same path trod so many generations ago

I see their smokeless villages and their skinless bones scattered about Their jawless faces whisper in my ear of long ago Their words fill my head and my heart I remember

> with you at my side am not afraid for you are the

> > Dream Maker

Lacquer Red

"There was a little girl who had a little curl right in the middle of her forehead When she was good she was very good when she was bad she was

extraordinary!"

Her father always told her this rhyme, at night she didn't like to hear it, it made her feel bad she was always left in the blackness, silent sobs screaming within her.

That was many lives ago

Now she sits, huddled in an ebony corner of her room

hugging her knees to her thin chest playing with her revlon lipstick drawing little circles of red on

the floor

Nursery rhymes fill her head, she thought her mother was reading aloud to her again, to make her feel better

but there was no one.

Darkness cascades its shadowy robe over all the creatures that share this giant sphere

killers shaped through the ages

the fall of this perennial Garden of Eden

The moon suddenly cuts into the room through a window invading her privacy

She sees little shadows dancing around her red lipstick marks as if in a ceremonial ritual from some demonic past

But a heavenly light shines on the sharp gleam of the knife

beside her

She picks it up twisting the blade seductively in the blackness She's been living in two worlds, too bound by her own self All she will leave is little

round

circles of

lacquer

red

In Another World by Greg Young-Ing

In another world,
we might return as enemies
In another world,
we might return as friends

In the heart-land of my head
I have stood on a frozen mountain top waiting
for a warm smile
to melt me down

And a sharp old mind
to stab my lofty thought flights
and gently guide them down
down
down

But here in the outside world
where we have to live
and the only 'untouchables'
are dancing across a T.V. screen
or lightly sprinkled
over the shiny pages of a magazine
the only sound I can make
is in the emptiness
of English business speak
that hungers for meaning

Together
we have raced through burning forests
set ablaze by someone else
and we came out clean
without blaming one another
or even losing the trail

In the acid etchings of my memory
a sample of a people's voice is forever
in the wind that runs by my ears
a picture of Nations full of determined faces
forever
in the light
that flashes
before my eyes

In another world
we might return as enemies
In another world
we might return as friends
or to love
to love
to love

The Fire Is My Mother by Redhand

Speak not to me out of both sides of your mouth
You tell me that it is important that I learn where I came from
But yet it is you who kept that knowledge from me and tried to
destroy who I am

In spite of you I know where I came from
I am survivor of the holocaust
I came from the midst of the fire
What came with me I cherish; what I lack I will build anew

Speak not about sending me back to search for those things I have not experienced

It is because of you that they are gone
I will not waste my energies searching to satsify your guilt

The fire is my mother
I am the Phoenix
I am the reality
I am the culture
I am the future
I am reborn, in fire

SPIRIT DEER

Spirit Deer by Richard Armstrong

The early morning mist hung suspended over the pond below the corral in long willowy wisps, barely visible. The air had a dampness that made it feel somehow alive on my skin.

As I walked home from my early swim, I left a visible trail behind me in the silvery dew covered grass. Meadow larks were singing in their loudest, seemingly trying to outdo one another. The sun which had almost reached the top of Picnic Hill, made it look nice and warm over there, while here it was still shivery.

Even the smoke coming out of the chimney hung in the air above the house in a light blue shroud. It seemed like something was just waiting to happen. Things felt somehow different today, so I stopped, and, tried to figure out what it might be.

At that moment the stillness was broken as Mom opened the back door to put some food scraps in a plate for old Prince. He crawled out from under the porch, stretched and wagged his old tail. I could hear Dad whistling as he walked down the hill from the chicken house. He had his hat in his hands and I just knew that he had collected eggs that we would soon be having for breakfast. He saw me and hollered out, "Did you feed the horses yet?." I shouted back "I did" as I opened the gate to the yard so that Last Chance and Pinda-Ho could get a drink before they were harnessed.

I stopped at the door and waited for Dad to get there so I could hold the door open, because his hands were full. As I opened the door I could smell fresh coffee and deer meat frying. Dad was saying something about the hens laying more eggs lately...I hardly heard him. My mind was still on whatever it was that I sensed.

I looked at the water buckets on the kitchen counter by the sink and silently prayed that they would not be empty just yet. I wouldn't mind carrying those buckets of water up from the spring later, but right now I didn't want to go back down there.

During breakfast my older brother and dad were talking about fixing the dam in the creek and cleaning out the irrigation ditches at the upper ranch. Somewhere during breakfast it was decided that the entire family would be going because there was no school today or tomorrow and that alot could be accomplished towards getting things ready for planting.

Suddenly my little brother kicked me under the table and pointed at Dad. I looked up and saw Dad's stern eyes on me. He had been talking to me and I had been busy wondering if it was the mist or the smoke that had made things look different. He repeated, "You saddle up Lucky when you're done and ride up to the spring above the pasture and bring the other horses in. Your brothers here will ride to the Upper Ranch...we'll need the extra horses to help with the work up there."

I was still feeling a little nervous, although I was not certain what about, so I asked Dad "Could I take a rifle with me?". He said "Go ahead, take the 25-20."

As I rode up the hill I could feel the nice warm sun on my back. It was early spring and the whole hillside was covered with yellow sunflowers. I could hear the call of the blue grouse. In my mind I saw it as it strutted, all fluffed up, it's wing tips dragging on the ground. There were lots of male grouse strutting back and forth on almost all of the little ledges and when one flew up in front of my horse I nearly fell off. It's sudden fluttering made both me and my horse nervous.

I reached the top of the hill and in the distance I could hear the bell that was strapped around Rocket's neck. So I knew that they would be just a little bit further over the hill by the spring. I decided to ride along the edge of the crest of the hill.

The view was something else, and I could hear a diesel engine blowing it's horn at a Railway crossing somewhere far below in the valley near the city...suddenly there ahead of me was a deer, it took a few bounds and disappeared over the edge. I'd never shot a deer before but I thought since I had a gun with me, it was a chance to get one all by myself.

I got off my horse, tied her to a seeya bush and took my rifle and walked slowly to the edge of the hill. I looked over and there he was. He had stopped almost out of sight. One jump and he would be gone. I raised my rifle without any fast or sudden moves that might spook him. I knew I had only one chance.

He turned and jumped just as I pulled the trigger and disappeared. But from the way that he jumped, I knew that I had hit him.

I ran as fast as I could to where I had last seen him go out of sight. From there I could see both ways along the open hillside, and all the way down to the road, but there was no deer anywhere in sight. I walked down the hill in a zig-zag pattern and

soon came upon his tracks and a few drops of blood on the grass, but his tracks disappeared...

Now I searched that whole hillside up and down several times. I was getting tired and feeling scared. I was thinking that a deer couldn't just disappear like that, could it? Then I started remembering the stories my uncle had told me about how a deer will play tricks on you sometimes, especially if it's your first deer and you don't have an elder with you.

Thinking these things, my heart started beating faster, and I wondered if this deer was doing strange things to me. I shook my head and thought, "What is the matter with me, those were only stories, things like that don't really happen." My imagination was running overtime, so I sat down to calm down and rest a bit.

I decided I would go back up the hill, get on my horse and herd the others down to the corral. I would tell my dad that I had wounded a deer and couldn't find it. He would bring his old dog Prince and Prince would find this disappearing deer.

As I was sitting there catching my breath, I was still scanning the open hillside below me. There was only one big tree on this hillside and it was about thirty yards directly below me. My eyes had just looked at that big tree when I saw the deer look out from behind the tree trunk. His head disappeared behind the tree only to reappear out the other side. The strange thing was, that he was facing down the hill. Everytime he poked his head out from behind the tree he had to look back at me, like he was sitting under the tree with his back leaned against the tree trunk.

My heart started pounding again, because he hadn't stuck his head back out. I thought, "that's impossible, a deer can't sit under a tree let alone hide from me by putting its back up against a tree trunk." Just then he stuck his head out again as if he had heard me. When he looked out from his hiding place at me, my heart pounded harder. My heart was pounding so much now I could hear the blood in my arteries rushing past my ears...I was terrified.

I thought, if this is a spirit deer playing tricks on me, should I shoot it if it looks out at me from behind that tree again? Then I thought, maybe the best thing to do is to go around to the side and see if it was really leaning up against the tree...but what if it was...what would I do then?

It took all my will power to get up slow and ease my way to

the side. As I got further to the side...sure enough, there he was sitting with his back to the tree. I was so stunned that I just froze in my tracks and stared at this deer sitting under the tree with his back leaned up against the trunk...suddenly he looked at me and stuck his tongue out at me!!! That did it. I was gone.

I ran up that hill to where my horse was tied, like it was flat ground. I jumped on my horse and rode down that hill towards home like I was riding in a *suicide race*. Dad must have seen me coming down that hill running Lucky as fast as she could go. She ran sure-footed all the way to the tool shop where we usually tied the horses.

Dad was waiting there. I bailed off that horse and before I hit the ground I was telling my Dad how this deer was sitting under a tree, with it's back to the tree trunk, and how he stuck his tongue out at me.

My Dad grabbed my shoulder and shook me. He told me to calm down and tell him what happened. So I told him everything. He told me to go into the house and have a cup of tea while he saddled the old work horse Pinda-ho.

I had just finished my tea and telling Mom about what just happened to me when Dad came in. He said, "Come on son, let's go back up there and see." I told him, "I'd rather stay right here." He told me, "Let's go." His tone of voice told me that I'd better go with him.

As we rode back up there, in my mind I could still see that deer looking out at me from behind the tree. I was wishing that he wouldn't be there when we got to the tree. But then if he was gone no one would believe me.

We tied our horses and walked the short distance to where the deer should be. I was walking behind Dad. I told him "That's the tree, he's behind there." Just then the deer stuck his head out and looked at us. My heart just about stopped beating.

Dad calmly stepped aside and handed me the rifle. Then he said "Sit down, take careful aim, and shoot it in the head." My hands were shaking and little beads of sweat suddenly formed on my forehead. Dad told me to take a couple of deep breaths and pull the trigger.

I aimed and pulled the trigger. I kind of expected the deer to suddenly disappear in a little whisp of smoke. But instead it dropped dead. Dad handed me the knife and told me to go "throat it." I was scared but I went anyway. The deer was dead and very real.

Dad touched my shoulder and I just about went straight up. As I dressed the deer out, Dad told me why the deer was sitting under this tree. He said that at the exact moment when I shot it, it jumped as I fired and that I had hit it in the spine. This had paralyzed the deer from the waist down.

Under this tree where I thought he was sitting there just happened to be a deep little hole. It was some sort of a dust bed that he fell into and couldn't pull himself out by his front legs. So he just sort of sat there in this hole propped up by his front legs.

I finished dressing him out. I was looking at this deer and it all sounded very logical, and then the deer winked at me!

I must have turned pale or maybe my hair stood up, because Dad asked me what was wrong. I said "That dead deer just winked at me." Dad chuckled and said, "That's just a muscle twitch. Dead animals twitch for awhile after they die."

Dad then told me that our people must respect the deer's life. He explained to me what I had to do to show my respect for the spirit of the deer. Then he said "Don't ever forget this" and he walked away without another word.

While I was doing what he told me, I wondered if he had meant this or my whole experience today.

Ravensky by Tim Michel

in Ravenbelly
i grow
embracing my solitude
strengthening my resolve in
my embryonic soup
until i am dislodged
and my outer self expelled

in Raven nest
i listen
gleaning from stories and emotions
grouping tribal memories
into one will
until my shell crumbles
and i am exposed

now, in Ravensky
i am
dancing the circle
fighting to stay true to the
star path overhead
until my breath is spent
and i pass the message on.

The Buffalo Man by T. Mitchel Staats

To the people in search of the way He will come like a bright light Showing the people it is now their day To him will rally all the Nations might

He brings to his people the gift of life An end to all the tribal strife Not a prophet or a Messiah will He be A servant to his people the world will see

He will ask the young of all to rise And together they will capture the prize Nations of Creation equal to all Among the Brothers will stand tall

Together they will ease the pain of our old And not let their dreams die cold With conviction and their vision in sight Our People's young will grow up right

They will hold to the rites of our past And with their strength forever to last By Keeping their eye on the Spotted Eagle's flight They will end their nation's plight.

Bear With Me by Mary Lou C. DeBassige

Part One

Today we stand on new ground
Raspberry bushes spread abundently
A hot afternoon sun wraps sacred gifts
around this red-speckled field
Just for us from
up above(rocks/bluffs/cliffs)
down below(valley)
all around(universe)
There are no clouds in the clear blue sky
unlike my mother's warning eyes
"Don't go too far away
stay close by where I can see you."

Old dead trees and stumps under raspberry bushes thick green moss grows in cracks on top hop scotch rocks

Her feet steadily check balance Small stones fall between two large opening layers of flat rocks Must be hallow ground below She reaches a branch of big red raspberries Under her feet a crackling sound One foot almost goes through a big dead tree laying on the ground The sound continues a murmur growl She stands quiet picks berries wonders Is it some other life? She remembers stories about bear from her mishomiss(grandpa) One is big bears don't hurt nobody if she sees one or more bear cubs she's to walk away not play with them because close by would be mother bear

Bear With Me

PART TWO

Somewhere below straight down sounds like bear
She drops her biggest berries into the dark cave like hole
She stands on top criss crossed log at the mouth between rocks somewhere in the distance pass the many sounds of birds crickets bees and other insects "Mary, where are you? come here right now!"
It's momma's scary voice far away

Binder twine string holds her little raspberry container catches a prickley rose bush She tries to pull it loose Instead all her raspberries spill pass the bushes long grass into opening ground below She takes another slow step stands firm and slides into soft sawdust like tree log

A family of red wood ants scatter
Try to run and hide
Instead of hit her legs
She feels a hairy something
Soft feather like movements
brush her ankle laced high tops(leather shoes)
Hears a burpy grunt
a deep contentment

Bear With Me

PART THREE

Momma's loud voice comes closer
Wide eyes look for a way out
She breaks loose runs and climbs
rugged layer rocks
from which she came
Mishomiss sits on top of this rock ground
There's trees everywhere
You'd never know there's underground
Mishomiss puffs his pipe
He knows this place
She was with him when he picked
this spot last fall
To make winter firewood
and this raspberry field

Now, his straw hat keeps his face in the shade He takes his red cotton handkerchief from his back pocket overalls Wipes his sweaty face and neck blows his nose Puts his handkerchief back into his back pocket Beside him on this rock ground is a birch-bark handmade bowl or pail shaped container full of raspberries

"Brother (nickname)
you're just in time...
it's time to eat...
"Let's gather dry twigs
and cedar to make fire...
we'll boil water for tea...
"The others will soon be here."

Bear With Me

PART FOUR

Over the open fire her momma turns over a golden fried scone (fried-bread) in a cast iron frying pan Her momma's eyes tell her not only of flowers in her head She sees momma trade with a relative some of these raspberries for some coal oil for their lamp She sees a handful of dollar bills after momma sells maybe half a pailful of these fresh raspberries She will then buy white sugar to make homemade jam She sees jars of raspberry jam on shelves underneath their kitchen floor celler She will climb down a short steep ladder Pick one jar when snow is on the ground

Tonight after hot sun goes down she may get to watch momma cook fresh clean sugar covered sweet smelling raspberries on top of the old kitchen wood stove (and momma may even bake a raspberry pie for tomorrow's dessert)

Before her bedtime she'll tell momma she heard bear and gave bear an open log of red ants for it's meal and a five pound lard pail full of the biggest, ripest, juiciest raspberries for it's dessert

How do you tell momma something like this? When all you don't want to see is a long stick make deep razor sharp red blood streaks on her body "Momma, no! momma, no! please momma, nooooooooo."

Alive Spirit's Simplicity

prologue:

Several days ago Mary's daughter, Lou, came to our house. Lou plans to stay a while, until she re-establishes herself in Toronto.

Lou just finished an Alcohol and Drug Rehabilitation Program at Rainbow Lodge on Manitoulin Island.

Mary and I understand because we're ex-drunks

present setting:

With my spirit on a southern faced living room loveseat, clean the attic of my mind by spinning these words.

With her spirit, Mary's on a western faced swivel dining room chair...in front of an oval table hooks autumn glory on her rug.

Ist dialogue:

"Mary, I haven't seen Lou for the past few days. I miss her. Have you heard from her?"

"Oh yes, she phoned yesterday."

"That's good."

intermission:

[Scott, my son rings the door bell, He visits often I get up to let him in.]

"Anee n'gushi, aneesh ezhibimadzeeyin,?" (Hello my mother, how are you living your life/how is your life?") He looks at Mary. "Your telephone is ringing, Mary." She goes upstairs to answer it. In the meantime, him and I converse. Several minutes later, Mary comes downstairs in a quiet manner.

2nd dialogue
"Was that Lou?"
"Um-hum," (meaning yes)

"How is she?"

"Oh, she's fine. She's on her way home.

"That's excellent! Mary, you and I have a strong spirit connection. We sent it out to Lou. She too picks it up by phoning."

epilogue:



Bear Death by Armand Garnet Ruffo

Familiar with bear death
I have seen him served as an offering
hot on a plate, supper for the successful.
Penis bone scraped clean
and drying in the sun. Caged
corpse braided in tassels
and bells, lying like a rug.
Head stuffed.

Squat on a log dreaming slick ants as thick as people or slick people as thick as ants was the first time he was shot.
Right between the eyes. It was raining a smell of earth and water.

If I say today he's bent and lumbering over your city streets believe me.

The faces he sees are smudged against glass.

Enticed by flesh's soft currency, he is expected to eat heartily, lick his lips and join the crowd.

He tries to keep his head, take only the choice bits, give only the odd unfamiliar growl.

Creating A Country

They came to North America in search of a new life, clinging to their few possessions, hungry for prosperity. They had enough of poverty and suffering to last a lifetime. They believed with all their hearts that if they laboured they would become barons in a classless society. Patriots were thus born on both sides of the border. But the process of creating a country took much longer than most ever imagined. For there were a myriad of unforeseen obstacles in this formidable new land, like the mosquitoes and Indians. Undaunted, the pioneering spirit persisted.

In Canada, Susanna Moodie arrived to take notes. After writing anti-slavery tracts in England, she thought it only natural to document the burden of roughing it in the bush. Susanna shied away from both mosquitoes and Indians. One day, however, quite by accident, she met a young Mohawk whom she thought handsome and for a brief period flirted with the notion of what it would be like to be swept away by him.

But she soon tired of such thoughts and nothing ever became of it. Later she would say neither Indians nor mosquitoes make good company. She did make it perfectly clear that she bore no grudge. She believed everything has a place.

Just as she believed her place was across the ocean, but she too had heard stories about golden opportunities. Lies! She could be screaming alone. Nothing but lies! Susanna also believed that she was turning life into art, and creating the first semblence of culture in a god forsaken land. It was her only compensation. When she spoke about her life her eyes rolled in her head like a ship leaving port. She never gave up the dream of returning home across the ocean. Dreamed so hard that even on her death bed she never stopped talking to herself.

South of the border Lt. Col. George Armstrong Custer never once worried about mosquitoes. He too was interested in culture and for this reason carried a gun. He was a soldier, not an artist, and made no pretense about it. Custer never wrote and rarely talked unless formally addressed. Yet, he was a passionate man who dreamed the same dream every night. He fancied that he had discovered the final solution. Each night he rounded up all the buffalo in what is now Montana and shot every last one of them.

As a son of European peasantry, he'd heard stories about what it was like to go hungry. He also knew that Indians could

starve just like white people. As a patriot, he believed his solution was perfectly reasonable. He also believed that American politicians would see to it that the buffalo and the Indian would find a new home on the American nickel.

Susanna Moodie never met General Hair (as Custer was affectionately called), she never liked Americans anyway. She was an old lady of 73 when he died on the plains of the Little Bighorn trying to live out his dream. They say that Custer was singing "The Girl I Left Behind" the day he headed west. We know he wasn't singing to Susanna Moodie. We also know that after hearing what the U.S. Cavalry was doing south of the border, Susanna thought about the anti-slavery tracts she had written years before and, for a moment, about what had ever become of her young Mohawk, if he fared any better.

Pemmican Publications

is Celebrating its 10th Year of Publishing

A warm Thank You to all who supported us through our 1st decade



411 - 504 Main Street / Winnipeg, MB / Canada R3B 1B8 / (204) 942-0926

Red and White by Shirley Eagle Tail Feathers (for Kate and Amy)

Amidst this cloud of racism being bounced around OFF of you and OFF of me

Two little hearts Meet One red, and One white

But, both Blood Red

Together, they will stay As close as any Best friends will

They will argue They will hate But They are always

Looking forward to tomorrow

When, they can Begin again With a New Sun With a Fresh smile

Bright White One by Myrtle Johnson

I see things, light today nice and quiet. My spirit is warm like the winds flowing in empty skies. I'm game, like fish flipping in fresh water, slapping at sparks of light gleam from small beams, off the bright white sun My spirit is'bright white one' A dry, clear day of the green earth I have reached damp water. Changing them into evaporation of clear white cloud

Like a Child

I sing like a Child I sing of Indians Dancing in Blue Smoke Reaching the warm Earth. For the echoing of a far gone whisper I touch the yellow flames burning, leaving ashes behind I see the Indians laughing Grabbing each other, hand in hand They have reached their spirit Coming from the winds, Over the cold shining lake In the early morning I sing, I dance I dance in the Blue Smoke With long forgotten Indians I will be one of them Reborn in myself Like a Child

This Windy Dusty Day

This windy dusty Day in Alkali with the Warm wind searching over the land to melt the cold snow So that is so dark The dust covers and Dances on this ice of water Water is trickling down rocks, sand, weeds and all things new to spring. It whistles, with the trees swaying in the air. The dust makes circles of winds The designs reach into the blue sky I cover myself. I will

I cover myself. I will have to wash. In the wind, I watch my child They say the woodtics travel with the wind. Then land on your clothes woodtics climb in your hair and bite into the skin. It is bad I stay inside and watch the wind

Pow Wow Fever by Cheryl Blood(Ohmyahsin)

Cold hard concrete, loud muffled sounds from the announcer's microphone echo's in my head.

Sounds bounce all around the room, my ears struggle to interpret Dust fills my nostrils, while I sit slumping in my cold plastic chair. Looking through the acrylic panes encircling the hockey rink.

I watch dancers of all guises dance to the beats of vibrating loud muffled drumming and chanting.

On cold concrete floor where winter's ice once lay,

Children run freely, uninterested.

" Is the Pow wow spirit here yet?"

"I don't feel it, do You?"

Colorful outfits of all makes and styles;

Traditional, Fancy, Buckskin, Grass, Jingle, Clown, and

even Jig dancers adorn visions of silently watching spectators eyes.

- Competition now sets in - different categories, dancers displaying their fancy footwork.

young to old do their best to catch the judge's eye,

ballots are counted.

Now they introduce Pow wow queen and Runner ups

Name Giving Ceremony "Buffalo Woman, I think he said," and the name

so fitting

Honor dance everyone stands, Queen and family follow, dancing behind

each other to a complete circle.

Giveaway Dance Ceremony now, I don't ever receive anything anyhow,

Think I'll go for a coffee!

SEAGULL

Seagull by Arnold Louie

The sensation of being in flight on a new summer day in the Okanagan Valley was second only to the feeling of a full gut. Which reminded me, I hadn't had my breakfast yet! The craving for food or lack of it was normal for a web-footed sea fowl like myself.

I fluttered my way towards the city to solve the deficiency inside my moaning belly. I landed downtown on the top of the Bank of Commerce in Penticton and looked at the street below me. Before I could think further, the smell of food instinctively brought my attention to Main Street. As I looked and found there below me, at the corner of the street, the hot dog stand one of my cousins had told me about. The fresh smell of toasted franks was enough to hypnotize any starving seagull. With that in mind, I bravely flew down to get a closer look to plan my attack.

I landed on a nearby bench trying to look lost as I boldly inched my way closer to the stand. My strategy was, that if I came close enough I could use the strength in my wings to carry me over the grill, and like an eagle snatch my hotdog and fly away. But, it didn't take me long to find out the hotdog owner must have experienced my kind before. I alertly focused my attention to the sling shot he withdrew from his pocket. It didn't take me long to recognize that the marbles that were being launched from his sling shot were aimed at me. Just when I turned and began to fly away, I felt a direct hit on the side of my head which grounded me to the pavement in a bird crash.

The next thing I could feel was the earth tremble to which brought me to open one eye and noticed the hotdog stand owner was running towards me. A sudden irrational fear of being thrown in a city garbage can brought me to my feet.

I quickly began to flap my wings getting ready for takeoff, as my tortured body started down the runway of the city sidewalk. The hotdog stand owner wasn't as slow as I thought. He gave me a boost with the side of his foot that not only contributed to my air travel, but also motivated me in the direction of the heavens as the instincts of survival kept my wings flapping until I came to the top of the Bank of Commerce.

Standing there as a slight breeze blew against my ruffled feathers my head began to ache. Obviously that was not a way to fill an empty stomach. So without delay I readily took off to scout a less dangerous area of being a scavenger. I perched myself on the top of

a telephone pole by Parkers Dodge car lot, I looked out below me and felt ashamed. Life had not been fair to me as I looked at my webbed feet. I seen my cousins below me waiting for their daily meal of McDonald's garbage being ushered out the door, anticipating foreign food of any kind to hit the pavement. At first my stomach wanted to join them but then I thought, is this what life is all about. Fighting my family every day for a few pieces of rotten leftovers.

Why are my feet webbed? How come I don't have the claws of an eagle or a hawk? Then I would be able to kill my own food instead of being the local bum I am. The idea of being an eagle made me excited as I took that thought and soared above the town. So as I began to glide through the air I tried to think what it would be like to search for real prey. Rather than the left over throw away food my body had grown accustomed to. Caught up in my own fantasy while flying down, Main Street, my eyes zeroed in on a medium sized cat.

My stomach growled as my famished body became alive! So like the macho bird my thoughts had perceived me to be, I swooped down for the kill. The closer to the ground I came the more I began to realize the size of the cat.

I arrived in ill humor and tried to puncture the cat's neck with my webbed feet and at the same time fly away with him. It became apparent that my feet have no muscles in them to control such a hostile animal let alone fly away with him.

My next reaction was to instantly throat him with my strong powerful beak as I quickly attacked the jugular area. Instantly this action of thrusting my fragile pecker into such a thick hide brought tears to my eyes. The cat must have been pretty hungry himself because before I knew it I was at the bottom and the cat's mouth had me by the throat trying to kill me. I couldn't do anything so I started to panick, I was in a fight for my life.

Instead of trying to kill, I was about to be eaten by this ferocious feline. I wasn't the eagle I thought I was and if it had not been for a local store owner who came out with his broom and clubbed us both I would have easily become digestive material.

Flying away, the blurred vision from the blow of the broom brought me to face the reality that because of my day dreaming. I had experienced what cat scratch fever was all about. So with that I quickly began to think of a different strategy to fill the emptiness in my stomach. I exhaustedly landed my weary body on a nearby

house as I tried to ignore my wounds by the thought of food, which would heal any anguish that I felt. The pain started to set in which made me come to the conclusion that I was a wanna be bird living in a wanna be world. No matter what I did I could never be an eagle. I still admired his ways. How he never lets his hunger change his environment. He would starve before he would bring himself to be the vagrant bird that I am. I guess a wanna be world is what created bums like me.

Seduction by Nana

Coyote shuffled down the path, yellow eyes shining, tongue lolling

Stopping suddenly, Coyote cocked his head ears pointed one eye cast downward leg poised

There in the grass a brilliant shining light

Coyote gazed transfixed as the light grew

From its center stepped a beautiful woman smiling hand outstretched palm upward

Coyote did not move primal instincts prevailed

The woman grew in size black hair and eyes dark skin scent of sage and cedar

A woman of sun and earth

She spoke I have a gift for you Yes, a gift, she said Of friendship for you

Coyote's skin tingled Her womanly curves enveloped him full and soft He yearned to hold her touch her hair feel her warm form lay next to his to suckle her breast heat to heat sensations joining them as one

Coyote's passions rose, gift forgotten Teeth flashed sinking into tender flesh of rounded shoulder and neck

She was motionless an inner scream shattered the stillness Withdrawal, of trust of friendship of warmth of love and dreams

Brilliant light fragmented magic shards shattered like suns reflections on windy waters

Coyote stood alone He had forgotten the gift offered in trust and love It too was gone

Coyote trotted down the path heart and stomach still hungry

No god no hero just Coyote

Christmas Day by Mary Ann Gerard

What if all the alcoholics on earth gathered here tonight. Would you be there, Daddy? Swinging chains and cursing the seven little whores you fathered? Over there! I see someone I know. The boy I loved, who hit my eye, the boy I married who took my trust and tore the paper binding from the satin dreams. I spilled whiskey on my leather. My kitchen table, stained with wine-rings disappeared the next day. A knife and a five dollar bill were left under the mattress. Someone-Oh God, I don't remember whobroke the light bulb and I picked the glass from Baby's feet.

Christmas Day, Part II

Another Christmas day. You wear your drunkeness like a corsage red and green pipe cleaners amok, dangling silver bells clinking Lids of beer bottles tinkle forth all day and the kids shuffle through them while they cry for more toys. My new shoes didn't quite fit. Too bad you hawked the stereo to buy them. You smile your holiday smile. I'd like to hawk that; teeth for money, all those pearls for some cash. Later in the alcohol soaked yeasty smelling amber night, you knocked my two front teeth out. A memory for our family that screams violence every winter when we see Santa.

Eon Ago by Deb Clement

it seem like eon ago when i was there fight'in it, not likin' it bein' angry 'cause o' my pain at my loss at alienation my self was lost, it was sacred but on my road i met a man — he was cree too who gave me a story it said: keep goin' don' look back, you find what it is you'r lookin' for an' when you do, keep it, hold it it is sacred so now today and ev'ryday i need to have it: the story comes back to me it is like find'in a friend after a long sep'ration havin' wonder at what was happen'in to my frien' why was my frien' lost to me i'd ask now today i know the path i travel brings healin' it brou't back me my frien', my self it seems like eon ago that time when i was lost in al'co'l

We Cry

you laugh we cry at your ridicule of our sacred ways we cry we try to preserve our identity you laugh as we try to hold what is sacred you laugh we try to explain to share you ridicule you dig up our ancestors we cry you study us we continue strugglin' against your contamination we cry you tell us to assimilate we cry our secrets we will not tell you ask us for the key it is respect the native "problem" was given to us we are blamed for "our" problem we want to choose from your offerings of civilization you laugh we cry we will continue our struggle

Just Beginning by Colleen Seymour

Have you ever journeyed with the sun as it starts and ends a day? Have you ever journeyed with the sun as it starts and ends each day for four consecutive days?

The gray light, where anything can happen, awaits The blanket of silence, so thick you can wear it Ecstacy is to witness birth

Woodburnt smoke curls lazily, as rocks are heated Like Granny, the icy-cold water has its own language Rejoice as each fir bough is appropriately placed

Have you ever felt the presence of strong spirits?
They are spoken to
in a Native tongue, which is much stronger than the babble of
The wise one's speaking or singing
is instantaneous
Seriousness or lightheartedness
changes
depending on the assistance one seeks
At times, the old one's waivering voice
speaks through the innocence of a child
Only the strong ones listen

For those who fail to observe something which is not concrete invisible are the spirits Experience the inner self, with those moments of experience

Have you ever journeyed?

I know who I am by Donna K. Goodleaf

colonizer, my enemy
I will confront and challenge you.
I will neither accept nor conform to your lies
I will challenge you
I know who I am

I study you, I watch you, eyes of a hawk
I know your history, I have studied it
colonial history, full of lies
history of tyranny, massacres, disease, theft, state terrorism
history of genocide
that is your history

your identity, "proud american/canadian"
"This is my historical roots" you shout
what is an 'american' or 'canadian?' I ask you
you have no roots here, rootless one
prisoned mind, confused mind
history of confusion
that is your history

Indigenous Nations, histories of resistance we are clans, nations, ever so strong our roots, one with mother earth this land, Turtle Island Kalanerskowa, Great Law of Peace ancient constitution of Hauderosaunee people history of survival, this is my history I know who I am

Kanien kehakaneha - People of the Flint Kahenrakwas, woman, ever so strong history of survival, this is my history I know who I am

Journey by Kerrie Charnley & Greg Young-Ing

I.

The day fell upon me like birth and I awoke as if I had just discovered a new religion The sun shone like a neon cross in an eclipse and I knew that I was about to love something for the first time

On this day I would walk across a new territory which my feet would press like a virgin I was about to live again raw and innocent and all my sins were absolved

II.

The Moon glows over the light of my beginning and I awoke inside of the dream the house being dismantled cousins parade in and out smiling sadness my way I walk through seeing the wooden homemade swavtun Aunt Margie walks to the spot starts to dance shake cry sing Indian I start crying towards a Katzie song in here I shake and moan my lover misunderstanding trying to rescue me doesn't understand this dream is what is rescuing me from this place from generations of this place towards wholeness where all places all times become one and I am able to see tomorrow I was beginning to see tomorrow when tears here merged with Indian tongues tones movements in that dream that vesterday and lateral cousin consciousness like an orgasm that nearly was now I will have to begin again turning subtle sensations into mercury stars of consciousness subconsciousness the blood flows through me in tongues in daylight moon flows through me the tongue a memory held taut within my womb....

GOOSENECK

Goosenecks by Art Napoleon

It was such a bright lazy kind of August day that Nap could have kept drifting downstream without even bothering to paddle. Afterall, he was his own kind of man, with nobody to answer to, no deadline to meet or plan to follow. His makeshift canoe, consisting more of sprucepitch than actual birchbark, would eventually get him to Gooseneck's camp, about six miles to the west as the crow flies. He might be there by nightfall and if not, he would camp somewhere along the way, that is if the canoe would hold up.

The Kiskatinaw is a gentle river with just a few rapids to really worry about, but nothing Nap wasn't used to. It was good elk country ranging from open hillsides to low bushlands mostly redwillow and alderbrush. Much of the river was crowded with steep banks that cut sharply into the dark waters in a gigantic V-form. It was through each of these passages that the river narrowed and deepened, which made it practically impossible to land any canoe. At the end of each passage the river would widen again allowing Nap to see on either side for a fair distance. He had been through this country a few times before but always on horseback, never by river.

Nap could remember certain landmarks along the way where he had hunted with his dad. He knew of a good mooselick somewhere up ahead, not too far from the river, but wasn't too sure how to get to it. Nap remembered the heavily used gametrail that his dad had showed him. It was the main trail to the lick, so if he could find it, Nap figured he could check the lick for signs.

Nap was hot and sweaty by midday, so he quickly pulled off his moccasins and shirt. He swatted at the horseflies swearing to himself as he tried to roll the last of his tobacco. His feet were dirty and calloused and just for the hell of it, he struck a match on his bare heel and was about to light a smoke when he noticed a familiar looking Bam tree up ahead. He recognized the unusual twist part way up the trunk. Nap looked around intently and had that feeling he had been here before. "Sonufabits!" he yelled, as the match burned his fingertips. Nap put away his tobacco, landed the canoe, picked up his 30-30 and started looking for the trail like a hound after blood. He knew this was it. About two hundred yards from the river there was a small clearing with lots of muskeg and an underground trickle. Nap had a fast drink and veered off to the left through a thick stand of young pine. There he spotted the trail, a twisting groove in the underbrush that looked old and unused far from the way he remembered it. He

wondered if maybe the lick had been abandoned. Sometimes moose will do that, he thought. They'll just suddenly stop using a lick for some reason. Nap wondered if they knew whenever too many humans were coming around. He slowed his pace to a quiet cat's crawl as he neared the lick area. the sun was breaking through the overhead populars in long straight rows shedding its heavy light on the edge of the trail. He sensed there was something wrong when he saw the tracks of a moose that had been startled. Not caring to be quiet anymore he searched the east side of the lick for wolf or bear tracks, whatever scared that moose away and kept others from coming in.

Nap was an excellent tracker, just like his father. He chuckled quietly as he thouht of the tricks he used to pull on the Hudson Bay boys when he hunted for their crew. One time he'd dropped to his knees and pretended to taste some fresh elk tracks they had come across. One of the Bay bigshots they called Clark had yelled excitedly, "What is it?" and was actually ready to start shooting at something. "Its a three year old virgin....I think she's in heat," was Naps casual response. Clark who was not amused by this attitude, later fired him for being a "smart-assed Indian."

A loud ring of snapping branches jolted Nap back to reality, but as he turned to face the commotion, it was too late. It hit him full force, head on, Knocking him flat to the ground gasping for air. As he tried to crawl to his gun, she reared back and came at him again, this time with killing force. Everything happened so fast. There was no time to get scared, no time to care or think. She shook him violently and somehow Nap could taste her fur as he tried to squirm away, Instinctively struggling to survive like he had seen so many animals do. Fierce brown and spewing red was all he could see as she blew hot breath down his back grunting in a way that would terrify the bravest of men. She had her full weight on his helpless body and all he could do was lie there and try to breathe. He had already accepted his death as he thought about Goosenecks.

When Nap regained consciousness all he could do was open one eye. The other one was pasted shut with dried blood. He couldn't see the bear but he sensed she might be watching. Sharp jolts of pain shot through his rib-cage and head. For the first time in his life Nap was afraid. Now he heard her coming again and he tensed his body in preparation for another attack. But suddenly, she stopped short and turned back. He could see her now out of the corner of his eye. She stood on the hill panting and looking down, proud of what she'd

done. She came charging again and stopped short, running back uphill. It seemed like a game, But Nap figured she was testing her meal to see if it was dead. He lay as still as possible for the longest two hours of his life.

Nap looked over the damage to his body as he tried to gather his wits about him. His old body had never been through so much before but he knew he could make it only if he could get back to the river, a quarter mile away. He hadn't heard any noise for awhile and it was close to evening, so he figured he'd take his chances. He reached up to his face to pull some dried blood when he realizd that the skin over his forehead had been clawed pretty good, leaving part of his skull exposed. He untied the scarf from around his neck and made a headband to prevent further bleeding. Nap slowly and painfully gathered his rifle and part of his shirt, which he used to tie a gash on his upper arm. There was no looking around for the beast, it was straight to the river for Nap. He kept having visions of her charging at him. He walked a fast as he could, but it didn't seem fast enough. He kept sensing her presence behind him. He knew that bears don't leave their kills for very long and a couple of times he could have sworn he heard something heavy crashing through the brush. Nap fought his way through what seemed like a mile of alder and willow that kept slapping at his good eye. He never bothered once to look down and see if his feet were even on the trail.

His beat-up water-filled canoe never looked so good. Nap was so glad to be alive that he didn't mind the pain so much, but he staggered as he tried to get into the canoe. He had lost too much blood. If he could only make it to Gooseneck's he knew he would be taken care of. Nap finally managed to sit himself in the canoe and balance himself. The cold water had felt good. He was surprised to find his front pocket still intact, tobacco pouch and all. He cracked a faint smile as he started to roll a cigarette thinking that he had truly earned it.

The river was nearing another cutbank when he spotted the bear on the rivers edge. He picked up the 30-30 and cranked the lever. The bear followed the riverbank at the same pace as the canoe, keeping her hungry eyes on Nap until she could follow him no more. She was stopped by the sharp slant of the cutbank, and the only way to continue would be to walk back over a high, long hill choked with dense buckbrush. Nap raised his gun and took aim with his one eye. He had the sights set right on the spot behind the shoulder-blade. It would penetrate her lungs and she would eventually

bleed to death. "I should have finished you off when I had the chance you bastard!" He yelled at her. The bear just stood and stared, looking like she'd lost the world. "What the hell," he thought. "It's not my shooting eye anyway." He lowered his gun.

Nemiah by Cody Williams

At my dad's far away in the mountains lots of fun Fishing...
Pool...
going hunting
At my dad's far away in the mountains

Feed chickens Attack...
Eggs
Chasing the rooster
At my dad's far away in the mountains
Going to Grannie's
Frogs...
Horses...
Eating Indian Ice Cream

At my dad's far away in the mountains Wish I would be back there Dad...
Ruby...
It won't be long now...
It won't be long now...

Training For Motherood by Joann Thom

Sit quiet Listen carefully Pay Attention Keep your eyes focused on a fly spot on the wall just to the left of her shoulder Avoid eye contact Don't be too forward too moniyaw Pretend your face is covered with a carved wooden mask Don't betray the emotions that you feel, my girl, When grandmother tells you, like she told me. "Never beat your sons," my girl, "You can beat girls, but you can't beat your boys." You see, my girl, We can be beaten—but not the boys.

Untitled by Leah E. Messer

Our souls cry out to be set free For we can no longer find the people Who we use to be This place...once...long ago Was our home You have changed who we were With the offer of your helping hand What was once ours..is now... Just your foreign land You have turned our home...this land... Into a place called uncertainty And uncertainty...your horrible trap Has taken away our dignity Now we search and we struggle For a way to be free Why do you not let us speak, For we have a story that must be told Is it because you know there is truth In the tales of events that our hearts must unfold We ask that you please let us speak Don't ask us to forever hold our peace We must leave your place of uncertainty For it is time we tell our story It is time...to give us back our dignity.

Life by Eriel Deranger

Life is like Dominos
The first row to fall is childhood
The second row to fall is young adulthood
Which they call teenage years
The third row to fall is adulthood
Next comes Elders, where everybody must be very kind
It is very unwise to be unkind to Elders
because one day you'll be one yourself
You wouldn't like to be yelled at when you're old
Finally we get back to the dominos
After the elder stage falls, I'm not sure
Nobody knows till they get there.

COMING THIS FALL FROM

Fifth House Publishers

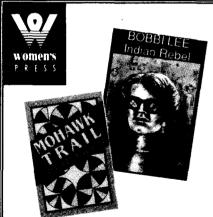
The White Line poems by Daniel David Moses

The poems in The White Line are rich

and delightful. Daniel David Moses' verse is taut, melodious, humorous and questioning. His subjects are often simple and ordinary, but his sense of the spiritual in the everyday makes the normal numinous.

"... precise, perceptive and powerful.... poetry of spirit and integrity." —Douglas Barbour, Quarry

Write for our free catalogue of books by Native writers: Fifth House Publishers 20 - 36th St. East, Saskatoon, SK S7K 5S8



MOHAWK TRAIL by Beth Brant

Brant endears us with stories of her family and Native community. She recalls a lesbian adolescent love.

94 pages \$9.95 pb 0-88961-151-3

Books By Native Women

BOBBI LEE: INDIAN REBEL by Lee Maracle

Written by a Native woman, this autobiography is a significant contribution to the history of Native women in Canada.

180 pages \$9.95 pb 0-88961-141-3

A GATHERING OF SPIRIT Edited by Beth Brant

Poignant short stories, autobiographies, poetry, letters and illustrations written by over 80 Native North American women.
242 pages \$12.95 pb 0-88961-135-1

ENOUGH IS ENOUGH As told to Janet Silman

A group of Native women challenge blatant injustices and bring the plight of Native women and Native experience to the eyes of millions. 254 pages \$12.95 pb 0-88961-190-x

517 COLLEGE STREET #233 TORONTO ONTARIO M6G 4A2

MILK RUNNIN'

Milk Runnin" by Leonard Fisher, Jr.

"...be right back! Don't worry!", climbed into the pickup, damn thing better work now. What's a guy gotta' do for peace and quiet 'round here, damn kid screams loud for milk then louder for spilt milk, jumps up an' down on the bed like he's possessed, plays me against his ma bettern' a diplomat-shit. Here I'm runnin' off for milk an' breakfast cereal...jeeeeezus!

If I could I'd take 'em back to his pa stand him an' his mom

side by side, get the guy to take a good look an' say,

"I understan' the attraction but I ain't responsible for the result," then grab Pauline's hand an' piss off down the road; easier said than done I guess. Ain't taken much more though. Rain's done miracles 'round here overnight.

Never seems to amaze me though, happens time an' time agin, same time every year. Funny things like that jus' pass through your life an' ya expect 'em as though they're rewards for

makin' it through another day or somethin'.

It rains the desert blooms. So what else is new ya' ask yourself? It don't rain everythin's dusty an' chokin' hot. After a rain flowers pop up like gophers, all purple or blue, little yellow centers, clumps o' green grass here an' there - smells real fresh, no dust flyin' up in your eyes...,makes a guy feel like writin' somethin' like poetry or whatever.

If a typewriter could be attached right into yer head an' thoughts could just float on through without havin' to peck away at some ol' letter-clunker then I'd be away, if there were somethin' like that there'd be no problem. It'd be better than half o' what Pauline reads me most of the time.

"...ridin' bareback without a bridle" that's about the only stuff I could understand the rest sounds like bullshit as far as I'm

concerned.

This road here, it always sends me mindwalkin' if I had that brainwriter now I tell ya' there'd be no stoppin' me believe it. No matter how I'm feelin' or what mood I'm in comin' up here's like gettin' birthed right out of the mountains.

Gigantic canyon walls close enough t' touch when ya' go through some o' the curves an' about three different stripes o' red just at eye level alone; then when ya' start squintin' from watchin' the road countin' layers ya' go, POW!, out onto the plateau.

Then there's nothin' but flat far as ya' can see.

Flatness, hundreds an' hundreds o' miles straight away, all this color from blood red clay baked under the sun, flowers everywhere, boulders here an' there movin' no faster than they did ten thousand years ago still crawlin' outta the ground.

There's poetry out there; right here where I'm standin'. Never know what's to find out here but I sometimes stop for a look 'round, ain't found an arrowhead or anything like that but there's lots a' small

bones; stoppin' at different spots maybe somethin' historic'll pop out an catch my eye.

Just lookit this place, it don't surprise me now how that hitcher-girl almost went crazy when we got up here, must be quite amazin' for someone out from the coast..., came quite a ways from where she started that's fer sure. Didn't seem to bother her though, looked right at home, meandering around barefoot, skirt floatin' on the breeze around them filly thighs, I was just waitin' for her silhouette. Pure, innocent beauty all alone out there in the world, out here on the desert dance floor, movin' to the hiss of heat comin' out the rocks an' the rattle...

Looks like Harv's truck pullin' up just now, ain't that a laugh 'cause my pick-up's parked somewhere everybody figgers she's had her day, well out here I suppose he thinks I'm broken down. Yep, there he goes lookin' under the hood, at least he'll find

a surprise.

"Check the tires while yer at it son, an be quick about it!" Poppin' out from beneath the hood he wipes his hands on the back of his jeans like he normally does, everybody knows where Harv's been an' where he sits. At the diner there's 'Harv's seat', at the bar there's 'Harv's seat', nobody sits in 'em 'cept Harv cause they're all seasoned with a thick layer of oil and grease.

"Pretty damn nice work eh Harv, did all the wirin', oil filter,

gas filter...you name it. Finished up last night."

"Yeah but didcha set up the carb properly this time? You're

gonna have trouble if ya' didn't."

He waves a taunting finger like some ol' house mother, if he'd just put a hand on his hip now it'd be the spittin' image; big, rotund body, face so brown the grease barely gets to tell anybody he's a hard there again. Could sleep under the stars or in back a' the truck if it gets too cold, canopy's good enough if I need a little privacy, last time me an' that hitcher slept there.

That was a good one alright....

Even after she'd been hoppin' an' bouncin' all over the dance ring, doin' everything from grass to traditional stuff; wild, chestnut colored mane flyin' back an' forth like it carried rhythm for her, anything them folks would teach her she learnt it like it was in her blood, boy you wanna' talk about ridin' bareback with no bridle!

There she was that night with her nostrils flared like the last wild mare bein' chased in a box canyon, lyin' in the moonlight all sparkly wet like a black diamond, smellin' like a musky, desert rose on the evenin' breeze; she tasted like salt-honey an' creek water when I kissed them sweet little sun-baked cheeks..., damn belt buckle - boy what a woman she'd be to have around.

Wasn't crazy or a vagabond or anythin' like that either just out lookin' fer somethin', ya' could see it in her eyes like they was always focused inside, there was somethin' she was after. Full of energy too, that's the way people get when they go questin', not like you'd think, not full of problems or doubt them type a' people go

lookin' to solve their problems, only way they'd be able to go on livin'.

Harv was sayin' somethin' about his brother's wife heard she'd gone up north after Santa Fe that year, headed up into Canada or Alberta; probably 'round Jake's place I guess that's who's wife she spent most of her time with when she weren't dancin' or talkin' with them goddamn Wannabees....

Jake'll probably be gettin' himself ready soon too I imagine, might not have enough drummers 'til he gets down into Montana...I'm out on the milk run anyway ain't I, might as well be

ridin' bareback.

Suicidal Tendency by Kateri Damm

i can hardly believe the way the deep blue sky surrounded the bone bare tree limbs that knocked against each other in the sun the same way we knock against each other in these small rooms

was it only yesterday before the sun hit the eastern side of our sky that i wounded myself to prove the depth of my skin (have you ever noticed the sun when it is a blood red song of war)

did you know i have sung a thousand songs to your mood swings written a thousand poems of the echoes without finding the words you won't be able to forget even after a thousand thousand suns have kissed this tongue of sky

so do you even care that you are my suicidal tendency do you even care that i rumble through the dry grass of august to lay under the stars at night because i can't bear to sit in the cold light of silence between us

i can't even lie to myself and say vou don't matter to me the truth is like a mirror i haven't been able to turn away from though i can't even see myself anymore

i can't see the lines separating us truth is it's scary

one night i dreamt that when the sun shone on my heart i dissolved into the lines on your face and you smiled

A Dear Friend's Battle by Margaret Warbrick

1. When nothing comes easy
Reality becomes a nightmare
The unwanted tears and emotions
He doesn't realize problems can be solved.

2.He doesn't want the goodness of others He lost his ride, goals and his dreams. He delivered his soul to the midnight devil. He, no longer owns himself, only to others.

3.Delivering the goods to strangers
Alive or dead he takes the chances
Life slowly squeezes the games
He lives only as he receives the money.

4. The gutter or trash, the innocent dies Blinded and scattered life deals Addicted to crack, it's his life He will do anything to be high

5.Dues are paid with life He's cold, distant and angry. Sniffing, overdose, and bleeding noses What a life, he really thinks he's living

6.He owes himself better, come alive He discarded the happiness for something deadlier He was conned and played with the ball In the end crack will cling if hope doesn't exist.

7.Hope glimmers as he remembers the old life He wants to come clean, a will to live Slowly gaining respect within his soul. He found help and grabs the rain-bow ray.

8.He found himself, the people, he's winning One day at a time he's living to come clean. That's life,That's reality, that's living He reclaimed his lost soul and his life.

Testimonial by Conrad George

to be free and harmonious to have nothing else to stumble from to have my positive feelings in tune to achieve Greatness is my quest

to follow the hints, dancing all bout me guiding me to heights motion to memorable sounds placing footsteps lovingly upon familiar grounds Allowing music in my mind to lead me toward the freedom of my search...

(TESTIMONIAL) being human...

an adult
child within
I am forty years old
I look back into my past
see as a child
my suffering at the hands of another culture
I look through the pains of growing
growing up in the home of guardians
guardians who hate themselves
and hurt others
In the beginning
I existed
I had two loving parents

I had two loving parents parents who were also victims of the other culture parents who drowned their despair in alcohol I was taken and placed in a white home.
There were two other natives
who were found to be my sisters
the Guardians who housed them
took me and my little sister
in as well
our new home was not even an hour old
our Guardians began slamming things
around, yelling awful things
Their first words were
"T m going to beat the Indian out of
you and make you white"

that beating was to last for the next eleven years eleven years of beatings that had nothing to do with discipline both Guardians added their abuse upon us equally the hard part for me was being forced to go to them and hug them every day I cannot recall any wrongs I do not want to hate people I know now it is because of them that I find it hard to show or to give love to anyone unannounced flashbacks send me into the grips of recurring nightmares these nightmares are always the same only the faces have changed turning into people I live amongst now I see and hear again with a child's eyes and ears incapable of escaping or finding help

Today, (my being)

The life within strains to reach out

to share warmth, kindness, and togetherness with family and friends

when such things appear possible something awful interferes which makes me Rebel, makes me push people away I have read books about suicide about self-denial in these readings I have found that I too have become a statistic that this is an end result I have found that suicidals usually attack themselves where they hurt the most I ask myself "where is it that I really hurt the most?" I consider which door should I open to rid myself of this extreme burden which tool would bring total peace which method should I self-inflict to empty out this silent pain to empty out this feeling the result of knowing knowing about abduction by another culture knowing about the care of such cruel guardians I ask "What part of myself should I destroy" to destroy the intense pain the Pain that controls my anger and hate I recall promises I have made to myself it is because of these promises that I am alive and here today promises that remove my need to self-destruct Quiet painful memories haunting me understanding this pain and its point of creation that gives me strength to live the strength to become a vehicle of wellness for other children of my culture who were abducted

and placed in abusive guardianship People who recall that they too were carved by these same destructive tools

(TESTIMONIAL) no matter (etc.)

No matter what grows in my Field of Dreams I could never reveal to another by the sparkle in my eyes this warm place in my heart beating Love stronger Love every beat

I thrive there thinking of you In my field of Dreams where sunlight pours out its warmth soothing hearts filled with strife

I think of you wanting you still needing you YOU a flower one of many a living part of my bouquet of loving memories

a million flowers grow there in my field of dreams each flower a reflection of a heartbeat each a gift from all hold so dear there

Seasons, will never change my love Reasons, will never replace my caring Need, will never keep me from sharing the heartbeats in my field of dreams...

A Childhood or Was It? by Don Wind

Pain etched in my eyes, the lines on a drawn face, the timidness of thyself. A face full of sorrow, of tears, of years of abuse.

Slap, slap! Stop. Will you shut-up!
Knees quivering, lips trembling
Eyes full of streaming tears. Don't
hit me! Don't hit me!
I can't move! Rooted to the spot!
Too scared to move. Too scared to run.
Will I be hit more? How much more?
Don't know what to do!

Too scared to sit by my older brother at meal time. He'll slug me if I clank the fork on my teeth

Home drunk again. We hide

Get in the car! No, you're drunk
Dragged outside! Screaming!
He tries to drive the car. We land up in
the ditch on a cold morning.
He swears. He passes out!
So cold and afraid.

He makes a swipe at me. I hit back.
Just making a grocery list. I run
He grabs me and hits me on the nose
It bleeds
He hits me again across the face and my
glasses go flying
He shatters them into pieces.

We don't need the dogs, the puppies! I'll show you what I'm going to do!

He grabs me by the arm and out we go to the dogpen. Gun in hand, he shoots the poor, helpless puppies Now watch me, he said! Exploding shots. Dad is drunk again. We hide. He calls us out. We stand there quaking. Then he's mad. What happened? Table in half. Dishes and food go sliding to the centre and to the floor. We run under the crib. Ouch, ouch. My hair is caught in springs. Bang, Bang, Bang, goes the crib. You kids come out from under there. Sore bruised head. Headaches and tears and stomach heaving. So scared. dad is in jail again. No food, no money. How will we eat? No wood for the fires in the heater and the cookstove. Us kids go and gather small chips of wood and make a fire.

Drunk;drunk;drunk. All the time it seems. Sleeping on the couch, feel cold pistol at my rear. Wake up! Wake up! I'm going to kill you! Laughing and laughing he says it again and again. Pull down your pants! Do it! Now! Now! Fright, heaviness of sleep. Scared again!

Drunks!Drunks,Drunks!

Wake up, someone on top of me. Pants down, guys from the reserve. I'm going to get you! I'm going to have you! You're mine! Dark. Always at dark.

Can't scream! Can't move. Why! Why Why So many times! Is this how life is?

Don't tell anyone. They won't believe you, says Michael as he gropes me. Don't tell your parents or I'll lick you if you do! I'll beat you says Michael. So frightened! Feelings and groping by a drunk under the blankets. Help me Help me. Too scared to scream. Where are you when I need you? Shouts, hits, slaps, used, punches, dishes flying! Fight, Fight! Dad and my brother fight. Scuffle, scuffle, they throw punches and hits at each other! Blood, blood, Get out of here, you are no longer my son. Please, please don't say that! We take them part. Boy are they strong! Bruises, bruises, bruises We take Dad outside to calm him down. Bang! goes the .22. My brother has shot himself through the mouth! Blood, blood, blood! Taken by ambulance to the city. In hospital for months and months. At home, he is now like a child. Crazy. Crazy. Crazy... Years of his craziness and drunkeness go on. Abuse continues. He is hard to deal with. So mean, yet so pitiful! Why Why?! It is now. Oh, how I want to forget! I can't! Can I forgive? I will when I am ready!

> Do I? I don't know. Help me to write this out. I know I can.... There is more

He stood upon the wind swept shore And gazed across the land, Shuffled his feet to stir some heat Blew warm air in his hands

His once black hair that now turned grey Fell braided at his sides, The pain of seventy years gone by Put sadness in his eyes;

This was his favorite hunting spot He always got his game, Since miners came with golden dreams Nothing has been the same;

He couldn't stop his memory From drifting back in time When he still had his wife and kids When life had been so kind

When the bitter winds of changes blew New faces came to stay, They brought their guns, enforced their laws And took the land away;

He recalled how he shared with them His food and all he had, In return they filled him with high hopes Then promises turned bad;

The more he lived the whiteman's way The more he lost his grasp, His independent way of life Was slipping by too fast;

These days he worried for his kids What would become of them? For they were dependent on A free welfare system; Friends asked him many times to move Into an old folks home, But he had pride, would rather die In his cabin all alone;

An icy wind blew from the North That chilled his fragile bones Another empty-handed day Made it harder to go home

The gun felt heavy in his hands
As he trudged on through the snow,
He sat and rested by the trail
Alone in feelings of deep woe;

My Companion by Sheila Dick

Three decades or so ago
I closed the door upon myself,
Open only to you
With your sad beckoning eyes and
cold demanding hands.
I warmed those hands,
Your hands, their hands and you
began to drain my life blood
from my being

And,
I gave
and gave, i gave until
Like a leaf i dried to a shell
Of near nothingness
and drudged listlessly along
The frosty ground
Without direction and
Without Life.
Until,
So near to non-existence i came
As under
Your feet i lay, dry, crisp
and so near
Death.

Then,

A flicker,
A small gasp of air,
A struggle for life
As each gulp tore at my burning lungs.

It all began painfully, like birth.
Then, a rush came thundering through my veins
And a shaky shadow of a hand
Grasped mine
(I later learned it to be my own)
And opened a door to Me.

Behind this door
Was a passionate person,
A being hat was ever so Brave
Ever so strong.

And my fascinating companion and I Are true friends,

Now.

We hold hands,
We laugh,
and we cry.

Always one, side by side in the autumn winds and the winter sun
We laze, sometimes relaxed,
Cleanesed by the
Comfort and warmth of early Spring.

This one companion and I will Sail thru the sunlight Where frosty ground have Given way to Tender shoots of Life.

For, you see,
My companion is Me
And I am She for
I am Brave and Strong, and I,
- I am Alive.

Real Beauty is like my Mother's

Most of the time you don't see it or appreciate it.

Mother forgive me for the way I am

You weren't a bad Mother

It's just my own private devils I run away from.

I love you, I honestly do.

It's just that I can't show it

No matter how hard I try.

Please don't desert me because it will be

better one day.

I should be grown up but it still remains the memories of the past that I live in.

I've almost hit bottom and when that happens

I'll bounce back up.

I promise.

Thank you for Giving Me Birth

I thank you for giving me Birth

Even though I don't know you that well

For in this world I hold some worth.

I thank you for giving life to my Brothers and Sisters

Because then I know I am not alone

And I know I will always have a place to call home.

I hope you give your self a blessing for giving life to others

because it's not such a bad world to live in after all.

Even though it wasn't life's plan for us to be together

We'll stand side by side in stormy weather.

You know in this life I'm blesed with two fathers now who can ask for anything more.

Be thankful for what you have

Because it far out weighs the other.

Fishermen

Fishermen by Glen James

"Why is it," questioned a young boy to his father, "that Indians have everything old?" They were walking across an open field to get to the Little Nespelem Creek to fish.

"What are you talking about?" answered the man who was

somewhat taken by this query from his ten year old boy.

"I mean like that old pick-up right there going down the road. "Indeed it was an old truck and had all the symptoms of age and neglect. It smoked and rattled and needed a muffler plus it had numerous dents and some different colored body parts. More than likely too, it probably had yards upon yards of baling wire holding things together.

"Well son those boys are out of work and can't afford to fix

it. Repairs to an old truck can become quite costly.

"Like in town too, I mean those new houses in the projects look old. Grandpa's house is old too."

"Yes it is, but he built it thirty years ago. And anyway why

all of a sudden do you ask these questions?"

The young lad just walked in silence for a while seeming to forget the whole thing. He pointed to a tall cottonwood tree where a hawk had just landed. There was a nest high up in the branches. A cool breeze rustled the stand of trees and blew a sweet fragrance from the surrounding pond. Somewhere near the marsh wild mint

was growing.

"Last week on the last day of school when we were riding the bus home one of the bigger white kids was mad. We were sitting in the back of the bus and he came and sat in front of us. I think he got beat up at school or something. Me and Tony were talking about something and laughing and he turned around and told us to shut up or he'd beat the hell out of the both of us. He really glared and he grabbed Tony by his shirt and pulled him forward and then shoved his face so hard that the back of his head hit the back of our seat. He began calling us names and said that all Indians were dirty and lazy and ruined everything they touched. He said we didn't know how to take care of anything the way white people do. He said we didn't care if we lived in dirt or filth and that's why everything we have looks old. By then Tony pulled out his little pocket knife and was just opening it when the bus stopped and the white kid got off. He was laughing when he got off, but when he first saw Tony pull out his knife I knew he was scared. I never thought about it before but a lot of our houses are old."

They were almost to the creek and stopped alongside a marsh to dig for worms. "Watch out for those nettles behind you," said the father as they kneeled and began to dig into the rich black soil for some bait. Every shovelful of dirt produced a handful of worms and soon they had enough and put the shovel back into the brush.

When they neared the creek a couple of mallard ducks took to flight and a kingfisher chattered loudly over his territory before flying up the creek and into the brush. Down the creek a ways they heard a loud splash, a beaver sounding the alarm before diving to safety. The creek was very brushy and the water was cold, beaver dams were all along the creek. You couldn't cast as you would at a lake, you had to do it gently underhand or else you'd snag up in some bush. The pools were full of big Eastern Brook trout. They waded out to a big dam where they could cast upstream.

As they stood on the beaver dam minnows darted about trying to steal their bait as they reeled in the line to recast. "You know son, I haven't been to school much but I'll try to answer

your question as best I can."

"That's O.K. dad you don't have to. I forgot the question

"The way I think it is, is the whiteman never did understand our ways, our people. You see they came here what, four hundred years ago. The ideas or the way they wanted to live is completely different than Indian people. They want to have and to own as much as they can more than even their brother has. Indians usually will share anything they have. Even though there are many different tribes from the east to the west, the way we looked at or thought about the world was pretty much the same. You know just different styles of ceremonies, but for the most part we all asked the same things. Good health, food, happiness, a good road.

Now these whitemen started out in the east and came west. They were farmers, miners, you know whatever else there was. They started out poor and wanted a good life because in Europe or wherever they came from, they were poor lowly servants with no hope of ever being rich or in a royal family or whatever they prize as being good. Take for instance a farmer, he teaches his children and he his children and so on. It becomes their blood. And so they begin four hundred years or so ago and each generation moves farther west and brings with him whatever he has learned. By the time they get here to our land around here maybe three hundred

and fifty years go by.

The government opens up our land for white settling and just like that here is all these farmers around us. Now this is the part that they don't understand and maybe it's just my thinking but I believe it's not too far from what's going on. Remember what I said about whatever they're doing becomes their blood like farming. It's the same with Indians. We were fishermen, hunters, traders. We followed the seasons with much care because it was our life. Mostly though we depended on the salmon. See we are San Poil and lived along or close to the San Poil river since the Creator first made us. It was one of the worlds best salmon rivers if not the best. It took care of us. Now comes the government and he says he is going to build a dam and everything is going to get better. So he builds one, two, three or more dams and all of a sudden our beloved valley is under

water. But what is worse, all the salmon are gone. They can't get past the big dams. Now what this means is that after thousands of years of being fishermen we're nothing cause there is nothing to fish there's no salmon.

I know this is a little hard to understand for you son or maybe it isn't cause it seems kids nowadays pick up on things a lot quicker than we did. But again back to the government. They say our people back then, you know my mom and dad, your Granpa and Gramma, they tell them we'll send you to school and you can become modern Indians. Forget the old ways, forget your superstitions, it's better to have education. Well that was hard on our people cause our band was one of the last to resist the whiteman; we wanted nothing from him just to be left alone. No more salmon for them means the kids go hungry so in the end the children get shipped off to boarding schools. They shipped them as far away to places like Oklahoma, Kansas, Oregon and other places too. These were usually run by catholics, and the sisters and such were mean, very mean. You couldn't even talk your own language if you did you were severely punished, or if you talked about medicine dances or sang songs, you were punished. After my folks were grown up and started having children, they love us so much and didn't want us to suffer what they suffered so they never taught us the language. But it is like I said, once something is in your blood, it's there for good.

That whole generation of Indians didn't realize that it wasn't just language the whiteman hated, it was just being Indian. They want our land. They want no Indians at all. So if you look at it, we have been living this way for only sixty or so years and it has taken the whiteman four hundred years to have what he has. But we still have our belief in the land and our winter dances and the spirits and these are truly the good things in life. If you treat them with respect then you are making a good road for yourself and your people, we'll never die off. We'll always have deer to hunt and land for our horses. We don't question the power of the earth or of the spirits. These are the real powers, they can easily destroy the most powerful thing whiteman can invent in just a blink of an eye. So having everything new would be nice but it's not the most impor-

Our homes might be old but inside they are clean. It's like our sweat lodge it looks old but the power of it is so great the whiteman can't understand it, so he considers it just a pile of rags. But we know better. We understand these kind of things. But too, now that our people are getting a college education and can understand the whiteman on his own level it might be another bad thing. It's good that the whiteman can't lie to us, but now some of our own are treating us just as bad. But we know, we don't say anything cause they can't cheat and lie and hide it. We know, The Creator knows. But I could go on and on and that's not the answer for what you asked. You see I could go to the city and work, but then we'd

all have to go. We'd not be able to do anything like we can now and it just isn't worth it. There's just too many crazy people running loose in cities. We couldn't go fishing or hunting or riding horses or sweat. Nothing. We'd just be in a house, there's no comparison and so my choice is here. We have old things, but that's O.K. cause we still have our freedom. You'll understand some day and make a choice of your own cause you'll have a family to think about. Do you understand any of this?"

"Well I thought it was because we couldn't afford it, but we

can't afford not to be used to old I guess. I like old."

When they were finished cleaning the days catch they counted twenty-one fish, all fourteen or more inches. On the way home a whitetail doe and her two fawns crossed just in front of them and the fawns stopped and stared for a while. Their spots were still predominant on their body and made them so delicate looking. Then the mother whistled and the fawns dropped to the ground and blended with the brush so as to seem to disappear. "You see that learning, that's as old as the salmon and that's a way of surviving. There will always be deer so like you said, "old isn't so bad."

PRESS GANG PUBLISHERS IS PROUD TO PRESENT:

SOJOURNER'S TRUTH by Lee Maracle

Urban settings, inter-racial issues and traditional Native culture are the focus of this new collection of stories. Available Nov 1990 \$10.95

NOT VANISHING by Chrystos

Passionate, vital writing that addresses self-esteem and survival, the loving of women, and pride in her Native heritage. \$9.50

PRESS GANG PUBLISHERS

603 Powell Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6A1H2 Canada (604) 253-2537

Granny by Gerald Etienne

granny cares to care is to live and suffer granny has lived long granny is hurt from all the suffering Yet granny still cares She cares for her children granny cares for her grandchildren granny helps in every way she can she works granny cans fruits and vegetables granny cleans her home she cooks granny bakes bread and pies she sews granny makes gloves and moccasins she teaches granny tells us stories and lessons she loves granny tells us and hugs me granny cares

Plenty of Lore, Plenty of Land by Davey C. Maurice

If a person decided to conduct a study about aboriginal people in Canada, there would be no shortage of material available for research purposes. In trying to decipher what is meant by aborigine, from this literature, one would be overwhelmed with images of savagery, deceitfulness and disgrace. Contemporary society recognizes that Canadian aboriginal issues must be reassessed. Since the 'white paper policy' was introduced in the 1960s, aboriginal peoples of various parts of Canada, have taken a firm stand against the Canadian federal government in search of their separate identities. A large part of their struggles have been based on more socio-economic problems. However, more recently the trend has shifted to the political circles. Aboriginals are seeking compensation and losses from land-claim titles, natural resource royalties from aboriginal lands, and a system of self-government within Canada's political structure. All of these mentioned are pertinent to the aborigine's future existance. This process undertaken by the Canadian aboriginals has slowly developed from isolated incidents across Canada into a full-blown national struggle. This ongoing struggle is of great importance to the aboriginal people of Canada, for without it, they all would be facing virtual extinction.

What one must do in order to assess the current aborigine situation in Canada, is research the literature made available by Indian and Metis leaders alike. Of course, several inquiries and commission reports have been structured, however, most of this information is strictly a form of rhetoric provided by federal political groups, who in reality have no idea what should be assessed and what is assessed. From reading many books, articles, and other classroom materials, the image projected about aboriginals are in a sad state. Some of this data actually portrays the truth, while many of the other written articles are full of blasphemus remarks concerning Canada's history. Canadian history is a shameful story coupled with rhetoric designed to mislead our younger generations into believing that aboriginal people are inferior beings. In truth, if one was to exclude any aborigial input into Canada's evolution leading up to confederation, the historical material available would probably be just as absurd.

The Canadian aboriginals, regardless if they were status or non-status, did not shape Canada into the country it is today. Canada is seen as a bountiful democratic coutry, capable of providing it's natural resources to nations around the world for exploitation. Canadians like to believe that they take care of their own citizens. Moreover, they believe in opening their borders to almost every available foreign immigration department worldwide. If you are a citizen in any other part of the world, say Japan or Lebanon, and you are fairly wealthy, Canada welcomes you with open arms. What does this say about Canada's history? Basically, that Canadians are greedy, adventurous people, who thrive on making the almighty dollar, and that their history up until now, reveals that Canadian governments in the past have ignored providing more substantial information and government services to their aboriginal societies. Meanwhile, what happens to the real issues on Canadian soil? For one, Canada is now a country filled with immigrants who also need to make their presence felt. Jobs, social relief agencies, parliaments, and Canada's entire federal structure seems to be overly involved in accomodating the immigrants' needs. All the while aboriginal issues are left simmering on the back-burner.

When speaking of Canadian aboriginal people, it is important that one separates each group into it's own traditional and cultural circle. In Canada there are three main groups included under the title, aboriginal. They are status and non-status Indians and the Metis, who are usually descendants of either French or English European ancestry combined with one or another Indian bloodlines.

All of the aformentioned aboriginal sub-groups in Canada still maintain their own historical conflicts with the Canadian political structure. To begin with, status Indians are seeking more autonomy and the right to self-government. In 1985 and 1987, at the First Ministers conferences held in Canada, both conferences ended on a negative note. Reasons for this aboriginal setback resulted after Canada's premiers could not define 'self-government'. After so many decades of political negotiations, two of the four Indian bands who were successful in their negotiations were from Alberta. The Alexander Indian Reserve and the Northern Sawridge bands are precedent-setting cases for other Canadian aborigines seeking autonomy. Basically, the right to self-government allows the aboriginals(status Indians) to control their own affairs. This includes control over their own police force, health services, and

school boards, moreover they oversee substantial earnings derived from natural resources such as oil and gas and forestry. If the Indian bands who have been successful in their negotiations, live up to expectations, more Canadian aboriginal groups will follow their examples.

Another aboriginal sub-group which has not been too successful in their political struggle has been the Metis. Their primary difficulties arise from their exclusion in the treaty system which was established in the 1800s for status Indians. The Metis were considered as all other Canadians were, and did not earn extra benefits from the Canadian government. There does exist, however, viable reasons why the Metis should be acknowledged as aboriginal. Some historical Metis leaders, such as Riel and Dumont, did include themselves in Canada's establishment. For their efforts to gain Metis autonomy and the right to self-government, both leaders were somewhat condemned. Riel was hung for treason, while Dumont quietly faded into Canada's historical development. Indian affairs of Canada's governmental system does not take interest in the Metis struggle. The Metis have established some major organizations to seek out their overall interests. Like the status Indian, the Metis struggle has been a long drawn out affair. Up until recently has the voice of the Metis been heard. Randy Hardy, who is Chief Of Federation of Metis settlements, negotiated and won a major victory for Alberta's Metis in a twenty-one year old law-suit against the Alberta provincial government. This was of historical importance since it is not only the first, as Alberta was the first province in Canada to provide any land to the Metis. Such an historical gain could not but help other Metis settlements in achieving some form of self-identity. More and more Metis people are becoming involved in their national quest for autonomy. This fact provides the Canadian government with several reasons why they should take heed to all aboriginal concerns.

Procrastinating any longer will not help address the many major issues at hand. Canada's government is not only faced with pressure from status Indian and Metis groups, more outside European folk are condemning Canada's stance toward aboriginals. Environmentalist groups across Canada have now listened to the horrors expressed so long ago by aboriginal people about our land abuses. Riel was praised for his efforts and dedication to help the Metis. Indian guides and hunters are praised for their efforts in leading the first Europeans across Canada. Pow-wows, sweat-

lodges, and other aboriginal ceremonies are of particular interest to anthropologists, sociologists, and ordinary people alike. It seems that the Indian and Metis traditions have finally created enough interest to gain popular support. Mistakes have been made in the past. They will not erase themselves. Aboriginal peoples of Canada have taken a stand and are trying desperately to achieve autonomy of some sort. If history keeps repeating itself, Canada's government will be hesitant to deal with matters, however, this has not been the case. Many Indian bands and Metis settlements have been successful in their negotiations. This does not mean that all is well and should be forgotten, it only serves to say that aboriginal grievances are being dealt with and more positives are emerging for aboriginal sake.

End

Rain Thoughts by Cecilia Luke

Rain
Unrelenting, descending, reflecting
Imposing on memories
Images wafting in serenity

Penetrating, Impressing, Dissolving An intimate mist of gauze Transparent petals stored in silence

Immersing, Cleansing, Reviving A veil is lifted A shimmering image in seclusion

Chris & Gary

Hunters
Stalking though the whispery grey dawn
Hugged in layers of clothing
Soft steps in moist moors
Frosted breath kissing morning mist
Dew dampened nostrils
Muggy voices in a muffle

CHANGING SONG

Changing Song by Leona Lysons

Her hands were cold, and the plastic bags had grown heavy, cutting into her fingers and cramping them. She could afford only the two bags of groceries and even that felt heavy.

She knew there were four city blocks left before she could enter her house and set the burden down. She decided to walk quickly to

end the trial as soon as possible.

She veered onto the left of the sidewalk to avoid a child whizzing by on his bicycle. Her bag snagged on a fence and the contents tumbled onto the ground. "Shoot", her mind screamed. She glared at the boy's receding back. He hadn't even seen what he'd done.

She started tossing the spilled contents into the other shopping bag. Margarine, bologna, and peanut butter for school lunches fit uneasily, crowded into the other package. When she picked up the oranges, the twist tie slipped off, and the oranges rolled all around her. She grit her teeth and grabbed the nearest fruit, reached back, and threw it as hard she could. The shot was terrific and the lamp post that was her target now had a smear of orange juice dripping down its' side. "There," she felt much better. She then chuckled at her silly act and thought guiltily of the wasted orange. It was important to keep a sense of humour.

As if rewarding her for a good thought, a chickadee landed on the fence. It watched her to see if she might offer it a morsel of food. She looked at it, and smiled. She wondered if they had met in her backyard where she fed birds wild bird seed and beef suet. Maybe it was one of the chickadees who had become brave enough to land

on her hand and accept the suet from her open palm.

She thought of the legend about why the chickadee sings one song in the summer, "Kee-chenna, Kee-chenna," and changes it to "Chick-a-dee-dee-dee," for the winter months. Compared to Jays and Magpies, it was so small and yet, it too survives the coldest winters. Maybe its' survival had something to do with its ability to change songs with the seasons, she thought.

Somehow the bird and the legend reminded her of herself, and the changes she was going through. The season of marriage had ended, and now the season of starting over as a single parent had begun. Time to change her song, and to sing as bravely as the little

bird. To keep singing though times were hard.

As she gathered the last of the oranges, a man came out of his house and offered her a plastic bag, and a ride home. She smiled and thanked him for the bag, but declined his offer of the ride. She would make out fine, thanks.

Warrior's Winter by Duane E. Marchand

Proud Warrior The winter's fierce wind Has taken its' toll On your once handsome features The numbing cold Has scarred your face with deep lines And gnarled your hands So drawing back your bow Is no longer possible Your sunken cheeks and hollowed eyes Reflect the hardships of many winters Many long days and sleepless nights Struggling, worrying About your very survival And the survival of your children During those days when the winter's cold Had stolen the lives of many young children Your children had overcome those times Although the bitter winter stallion Has finally carried you away Your blood still courses Through our veins Dear Father, proud warrior Father We are who we are Because of who you Will Always be

Diptera by Duane E. Marchand and Columpa Bobb

I'm shakin' off the cold again Shivers and shudders knights in the gutters Damn cold's gone right to my bones Moans and groans and chillin' bones

Eyes ain't even open yet

Burnt out eyes, bitchin sunrise And the light's still pushin' through

Night blind and still outta yer mind

This bench ain't so comfortable no more

Too hard and cold for these bones old

Kin feel the boards pushin' through cavities where teeth once stood

No more teeth just a bootleg sheath

Arm's gone dead other side of the bench

Nerves asunder body's ablunder

Heavy dew this morning, shirt's soaked feet's froze Every poor fool's got his soul sold cause nobody's bold when it comes to the cold

I don't know haven't felt them in daze

Pigeon shit in my ear

Lookee here, there's no shit pit in a pigeon's ear Well...got it easy today

Easy eatin's from sleazy beatin's

Emma's still snoozin' in her puke

It seeps and creeps even as she sleeps

Kin smell it, it's bad, like everyone I know

Like human sewer, humanities manure Hafta move, hafta rise

Demise, despise, don't look at me with them beady eyes Need more sun to melt the black ice

Stinking, rotting, heat sweltering vice, I accept you with open arms isn't that nice

My mind's still freezin' but I ain't dead yet

procrastination I'm looking forward to your Hesitation, destination

Tied with cement shackles I'm forced to move slow Stop fightin' and frightin' your soul I'll enlighten

I'm a dominant rock in a majestic sea

Hush, hush, you miserable lush!

I'm a dominant rock in a majestic sea!

Enough of this talk, let yourself cry, lay yourself down Let vourself die

In your ocean of blood I kin stand, I kin laugh I kin live

Hey...Mr. Music Man

In the chill of the night The lonely sound of a saxophone Echoes through the alleys and streets Passersby offer coins in sympathy Not in appreciation of talent Or skillful mastery of the instrument This is not the big time The only limelight to bask in Is the cold fluorescents Of the Government Liquor Store On East Hastings Street I see a smile in your eyes When a request was asked of vou And you gladly obliged by playing the blues With closed eyes You poured every ounce of energy into your music Your music was alive, your music had soul And for that fleeting moment You weren't that cold and lonely black man In ragged clothes and dusty hat I saw you with shiny shoes Fancy clothes and a brand new hat And those cold fluorescents Grew bright and warm, And beads of sweat formed on your brow As you took your place on centre stage I heard the crowd go wild in appreciation For someone that everyone wanted to be I saw you too for who you are really are The Music Man As the last notes faded Into the thick wintry air And your last patron faded into the crowd I watched as you counted the change "Hey, Mr. Music Man," I said, "I have no money to offer you, but, Please play that song for me, okay." And there it was again The warm smiling eyes Sparkling in the cold fluorescent lights Of the Government Liquor Store On East Hastings And in the chill of the night The lonely sound of a saxophone Echoes through the alleys and streets The sounds of the Music Man.

Concrete City by Tracey Bonneau

wet smog rises into skyline the working day starts trails of pushy umbrella people surrounded by rush traffic a glitzy high heel steps on the soiled trenchcoat (of a nearby street beggar) his harmonica tune floats in the air business suited men flock into tall stonefaced monster buildings plastic cheese and instant coffee giants dollar signs embedded into their pupils the lingering harmonica note hangs in the damp air a single echo of sanity a solitary reminder of who the real victims of the concrete city are

Stranded On An Island

on the islands edge a figure shadows the darkness she smells him hunger driven she tastes and brown skin melts into clear beads that roll off skin become wheels of lust between two bodies screaming into a place rarely felt he crumbles then like sand unto the island she tries to pick up pieces of him but the grains sift through her fingers and her tears wash whats left away

Doorway

clouded eyes squint toward day lightness higher higher the mind races playing its games smaller smaller the tunnel becomes until light becomes darkness and the walls squeeze a tiny pool of light seeps through a crack in the rigid door set me free let that light shine on my eyes so they can be clear of clouds

Bureaucrats by Garry Gottfriedson

Bureaucrats sit neatly hunched behind plush marble desk tops clustered with paper and pictures and day old carnations with knuckle white fingers tightly clasped around papermates skidding and scraping across someone's future AND

WHEN

SOMEONE

goes to see them quiet and concerned about their future they stare like a crazy cartoon cat would with a shiny civilized smile and licking their lips and wagging their hands feeling important just before striking AND

WHEN

THEY

STRIKE

they stand fully exposed in their outdated english garb smelling like they just arrived from france japan or india; they breathe wildly if questioned, as if they are ready to choke. DON'T

STAND

TOO CLOSE

because their mouthwash lingers like raw fish and wine

Those bureaucrats are a weird bunch huffing and puffing and chasing away anyone who dares to visit them.

Crystal Globe

We live in a crystal globe glittering, revolving, adapting, even though it is not meant to lack truth someone in the beginning instructed not to forget in our lifetime but somewhere, sometime parts of it were forgotten then passed on to those willing to listen fractions remained unmoved by the motion of time; unbounding power which tested those willing to speak in this universe which never lies The fragmented parts passing like an eclipse where there is no turning back where there is no reversing and in that minute moment the power of the sun is shielded blinded by a creeping transparent moon: It only takes a second to block light from entering the crystal and if is inevitable to stop.

We live in a crystal globe and go on forever multiplying with repetition; somehow there is a mystical beauty hidden behind this somehow none of it makes sense until we remember the truth in its simplest form; this is caused in the accuracy of memory and it is then it becomes all too clear, awesome, yet fearful, something like feeling the penetrating warmth of the sun just before the eclipse, also coming to know its coldness before the point of fading into cold shadows: The eclipse is repeated and the void is multiplied with different logic each time, but, those things are distinct with colors, textures, and feelings manifested over and over and over Portions of truth remain even, pure, and without limitations like the process of water turning to ice and ice reverting back to water.

We live in a crystal globe gentle, warm and with the ability to melt those things which freeze All of us are born and die soon with questions unabled to be answered; this does not stop and there are no words to describe this; not in color to be seen not in sound to be heard not in any aroma none in these earthly textures.

It is a beauty deeply hidden within this crystal globe

Downtown Main Drag by Randy Fred

Hookers by night
Witnesses by day
On guard for thee
Downtown,maindrag
All day, all night
somebody's looking out
looking out for your cash
For your time
For what you got
Giving love
Taking love
Wanting love

Hookers by night Witnesses by day Something to sell Something to buy Downtown, main drag

Hey there's the gal
Saw her downtown, main drag
Early this morning
Handing out some paper
Telling me the times a-coming
Now she's back
On the same drag
Telling me
Few bucks, my main man
Make you happy all night long

Ah, it's good to know Somebody's looking out Looking out for Downtown, main drag Hookers by night Witnesses by day

Sweet Romance Junkie by Alvin Manitopyes

I love to be in love and... It is with no fear That I say "I Love you" Say what? You heard it, you read it And I will not whisper or scream Those three little words Unless someone really moves me You did - so now you know You don't have to say it back Maybe you need to hear it Brag about it Nurture it Kill it...No don't! Because it is there In its present tense So when I declare My affection for you I mean it...even if..., I don't what it means But it does not mean long term commitment It does not mean foolish promises It does not mean being a prisoner of love nor a temporary obsession It does mean constancy and virtue It does mean admiration It is just... Just a purring passion That I feel...for you... For how strongly? Your beauty and presence Works on my heart I can't help it Your sweet kisses Your cheerful smile

Your graceful moves Concentrates and captivates My whole senses I am... Your crazy fool.

Indian Lad In City by Eileen Burnett

I slowly trudge down
Bustling main street
Dodging fleet youngsters
On skateboards. Not recognizing
A soul that I meet

For I'm seeing snow trails Through shadowy spruce Watching bare underbrush For signs that bull moose Passed this way; Feeling brisk wind Veering to north Snowshoes crunching.....

'Scuse me lady,
I'll help you pick up your parcels

The Disempowerment of First North American Native Peoples

And Empowerment Through Their Writing Jeannette Armstrong

Paper prepared for

Saskatchewan Writer's Guild

1990 Annual Conference

PANEL DISCUSSION:

"EMPOWERING ABORIGINAL WRITERS"

In order to address the specifics of Native people's writing and empowerment, I must first present my view on the disempowerment of first North American Nations.

Without recounting various historical versions of <u>how</u> it happened, I would like to refer only to <u>what</u> happened here.

Indigenous peoples in North America were rendered powerless and subjugated to totalitarian domination by foreign peoples after, they were welcomed as guests and their numbers were allowed to grow to the point of domination through aggression.

Once total subjective control was achieved over my peoples through various coercive measures and the direct removal of political, social and religious freedoms accomplished, the colonization process began.

In North America this has been to systemically enforce manifest destiny or the so-called "White Man's burden" to civilize. In the 498 years of contact in The Americas, the thrust of this bloody sword has been to hack out the spirit of all the beautiful cultures encountered, leaving in its' wake a death toll unrivalled in recorded history. This is what happened and what continues to happen.

There is no word other than totalitarianism which adequately describes the methods used to achieve the condition of my people today. Our people were not given choices. Our children, for generations, were seized from our communities and homes and placed in indoctrination camps until our language, our religions, our customs, our values and our societal structures almost disappeared. This was the residential school experience.

Arising out of the seige conditions of this nightmare time, what is commonly referred to as the "social problems" of Native peoples emerged. Homes and communities, without children had nothing to work for, or live for. Children returned to communities and families as adults, without the necessary skills for parenting, for Native life style or self-sufficiency on their land base, deteriorated into despair. With the loss of cohesive cultural relevance with their own peoples and a distorted view of the non-native culture from the clergy who ran the residential schools, an almost total disorientation and loss of identity occurred. The disintegration of family and community and nation was inevitable, originating with the individual's internalized pain. Increasing death statistics from suicide, violence, alcohol and drug abuse and other

poverty centred physical diseases, can leave no doubt about the question of totalitarianism and genocide.

You writers from the dominating culture have the freedom of imagination. You keep reminding us of this. Is there anyone here who dares to imagine what those children suffered at the hands of their so called "guardians" in those schools. You are writers, imagine it on yourselves and your children. Imagine you and your children and imagine how they would be treated by those who abhorred and detested you, all, as savages without any rights.

Imagine at what cost to you psychologically, to acquiesce and attempt to speak, dress, eat and worship, like your oppressors, simply out of a need to be treated humanly. Imagine attempting to assimilate so that your children will not suffer what you have, and imagine finding that assimilationist measures are not meant to include you but to destroy all remnants of your culture. Imagine finding that even when you emulate every cultural process from customs to values you are still excluded, despised and ridiculed because you are Native.

Imagine finding out that the dominating culture will not tolerate any real cultural participation and that cultural supremacy forms the basis of the government process and that systemic racism is a tool to maintain their kind of totalitarianism. And all the while, imagine that this is presented under the guise of "equal rights" and under the banner of banishing bigotry on an individual basis through law.

Imagine yourselves in this condition and imagine the writer of that dominating culture berating you for speaking out about appropriation of cultural voice and using the words "freedom of speech" to condone further systemic violence, in the form of entertainment literature about <u>your</u> culture and <u>your</u> values and all the while, yourself being disempowered and rendered voiceless through such "freedom's".

Imagine how you as writers from the dominant society might turn over some of the rocks in your own garden for examination. Imagine in your literature courageously questioning and examining the values that allows the dehumanizing of peoples through domination and the dispassionate nature of the racism inherent in perpetuating such practises. Imagine writing in honesty, free of the romantic bias about the courageous "pioneering spirit" of colonialist practise and imperialist process. Imagine in-

terpreting for us <u>your own peoples</u> thinking toward us, instead of interpreting for us, our thinking, our lives and our stories. We wish to know, and you need to understand, why it is that you want to own our stories, our art, our beautiful crafts, our ceremonies, but you do not appreciate or wish to recognize that these things of beauty arise out of the beauty of our people.

Imagine these realities on yourselves in honesty and let me know how you imagine that you might approach empowerment of yourselves in such a situation. Better yet, do not dare speak to me of "Freedom Of Voice", "Equal Rights", "Democracy", or "Human Rights" until this totalitarianistic approach has been changed by yourselves as writers and shapers of philosophical direction. Imagine a world where domination is not possible because all cultures are valued.

To the Native writers here, my words are meant as empowerment to you. In my quest for empowerment of my people through writing, there are two things of which I must steadfastly remind myself.

The first is that the reality I see is the reality for the majority of Native people and that although severe and sometimes irreparable damage has been wrought, healing can take place through cultural affirmation. I have found immense strength and beauty in my people.

The dispelling of lies and the telling of what really happened until <u>everyone</u>, including our own people understands that this condition did not happen through choice or some cultural defect on our part, is important. Equally important is the affirmation of the true beauty of our people whose fundamental cooperative values resonated pacifism and predisposed our cultures as vulnerable to the reprehensible value systems which promote domination and aggression.

The second thing I must remind myself of, is that the dominating culture's reality is that it seeks to affirm itself continuously and must be taught that <u>numbers</u> are not the basis of democracy, <u>people</u> are, <u>each one</u> being important. It must be pushed, in Canada, to understand and accept that this country is multi-racial and multi-cultural now, and the meaning of that. I must remind myself constantly of the complacency that makes these conditions possible, and that if I am to bridge into that complacency that I will be met with hostility from the majority, but, that those whose thoughts I have provoked, may become our greatest allies in speaking to

their own. It is this promotion of an ideal which will produce the courage to shake-off centuries of imperialist thought and make possible the relearning of cooperation and sharing, in place of domination.

Our task as Native writers is twofold. To examine the past and culturally affirm toward a new vision for all our people in the future, arising out of the powerful and positive support structures that are inherent in the principles of co-operation.

We, as Native people, through continuously resisting cultural imperialism and seeking means toward teaching co-operative relationships, provide an integral mechanism for solutions currently needed in this country.

We must see ourselves as undefeatably pro-active in a positive sense and realize that negative activism actually serves the purpose of the cultural imperialism practised on our people. Lies need clarification, truth needs to be stated and resistance to oppression needs to be stated, without furthering division and participation in the same racist measures. This is the challenge that we rise too. Do not make the commonly made error that it is a people that we abhor, be clear that it is systems and processors which we must attack. Be clear that change to those systems will be promoted by people who can perceive intelligent and non-threatening alternatives. Understand that these alternatives will be presented only through discourse and dialogue flowing outward from us, for now, because we are the stakeholders. We need the system to change. Those in the system can and will remain complacent until moved to think, and to understand how critical, change is needed at this time for us all. Many already know and are willing to listen.

The responsibility of the Native writer is tremendous in light of these times in which world over, solutions are being sought to address the failed assimilationist measures originating out of conquest, oppression and exploitation, whether under the socialist or capitalist banner. We as writers can show how for Lithuanian independence and support for South African Black equality becomes farcical in the glare of the Constitutional position to First Nations here in Canada, who seek nothing more than co-operative sovereign relationships guaranteed in the principles of treaty making. No one will desire or choose to hear these truths unless they are voiced clearly to people who have no way to know that there are good alternatives and that instead of losing control we can all

grow powerful together.

Finally, I believe in the basic goodness of the majority of people. I <u>rely</u> on the common human desire to be guilt free and fulfilled, to triumph, towards attainment of our full potential as wonderful, thinking beings at the forward edge of the Creator's expression of beauty.

I believe in the strength and rightness in the values of my people and know that those principles of peace and co-operation, in practise, are natural and survival driven mechanisms which transcend violence and aggression. I see the destructive paths that have led us to this time in history, when all life on this planet is in peril and know that there <u>must</u> be change. I believe that the principles of co-operation are a sacred trust and the plan and the intent of the Creator and therefore shall endure.

Thank You.

GATHERINGS: AUTHOR BIOGRAPHIES

1. Cody Williams

Ten year old Cody Williams is of Chilcotin-Shuswap Native ancestry. A proud Indian, he is a Native Traditional Dancer.

2. Tracey Bonneau

Tracey Bonneau is an Okanagan Native currently residing in Vancouver. Her life's ambition is to become a national television news reporter.

3. Greg Young-Ing

Currently studying law in Vancouver, Greg is originally from Manitoba. He continues to enjoy writing in his spare time.

4. Colleen Seymour

Employed as an Instructor at the Secwepernc Cultural Education Center in Kamloops, Colleen teaches courses of the Native Adult Basic Education Program. Of Shuswap Native ancestry, Colleen enjoys hard, honest work.

5. Tim Michel

This is Tim's first piece of poetry. He is currently enjoying his time as a travelling instructor on Computer Programs. Tim is of Shuswap ancestry.

6. Garry Gottfriedson

Of Shuswap ancestry, this is a second for a publication of Garry's writings. Currently teaching at the Secwepemc Cultural Education Centre in Kamloops, Garry plans to attend the En'owkin International School of Writing this fall.

7. Richard Armstrong

A member of the Penticton Indian Band of the Okanagan Indian Nation this is Richard's first published works. Richard enjoys working with Audio-Visual programs.

8. Conrad George

Conrad Albert George is an Okanagan of the Penticton Indian Band. Conrad is a student at the En'owkin International School of Writing.

9. Redhand

Assiniboine from Fort Belknap Montana, Redhand considers himself a dreamer and a writer. United Federation of Tribes, one race, one voice, one Nation - all red.

10. Duane Marchand

Duane is of Okanagan Native ancestry from the Okanagan Indian Band near Vernon. These are his first published works of poetic material.

11. Joseph Bruchac

Joe Bruchac's native ancestry is Abenaki. Co-author of 'Keepers of the Earth' his poems and stories have been widely published and he has edited a number of anthologies of Native Writing.

12. Donna K. Goodleaf

One of the few eastern North American Indians to submit writings, Donna is from the Kanien Kehaka (Mohawk) Nation. She is presently enrolled in the Department of Education at the University of Massachusetts.

13. T. Mitchel Staats

T. Michel's writings truly come from inside, where spirituality is strong. In writing for pleasure he shows survival. Of Mohawk ancestry, this is one of his first works.

14. Nana

Nana, a Blackfoot potter and scholar, is from Browning, Montana. He enjoys using the gifts of life to help others.

15. Kateri Damm

An established writer of the Cape Crocker Reserve in Ontario, Kateri resides in Ottawa. Her works have appeared in The Magazine and Seventh Generation.

16. Anna Lee Walters

A writer of short stories, Anna has made her home in Tsaile, Arizona. An intense feeling of Native spirituality underlies her writings.

17. Cecelia Luke

A member of the Okanagan Nation, Cecelia makes her home in Creston, B.C. She uses themes of love, color and emotions to bring out her words for a deep respect for nature.

18. Armand Garnet Ruffo

An Objiway, Armand is from Northern Ontario. A graduate of the Writing Program at the Banff Center School of Fine Arts. He holds an Honors Degree in English Literature from the University of Ottawa. His poetry has recently appeared in Seventh Generation: Contemporary Native Writing.

19. Lee Maracle

Lee is of Cree and West Coast Indian Ancestry. Currently residing in Sardis, B.C. She is author of "Bobbi Lee", "I Am Woman", and is one of the editors of "Telling It and Sojourneris Truth and Other Stories".

20. Annharte

Born in Winnipeg, Annharte is of Saulteaux and Irish heritage. Currently living in Regina, she partakes in writings, readings and visits throughout the Native community.

21. Mary Ann Gerard

Mary Ann is from Missoula, Montana. The two selections appearing in this journal have previously been published.

L. Chervl Blood

L. Cheryl Blood is of the Blood Tribe of Southern Alberta. This is her first published works.

23. Sheila Dick

Sheila is a Shuswap of the Canim Lake Band. A mother of three, she has been involved in Native Indian Education for the last ten years. She received her Bachelor of Education degree in 1986.

24. Davey C. Maurice

Of Metis ancestry, Davey was born in Saskatoon, Saskatchewan. Proud to be Native through spiritual and traditional ways, Davey also enjoys sports. He plans on majoring in Sociology at the University of Regina.

25. Kerrie Charnley

Of Katzie, Jewish and English ancestry, Kerrie writes to heal herself and to find redemption for past struggles her grandma and mom have experienced.

26. Deb Clement

Of Cree ancestry, this is Deb's first published works. Deb is currently living on Vancouver Island and pursuing a university degree.

27. Karen Coutlee

Okanagan Upper Nicola Band. First published writings. Fine Arts at Cariboo College in Kamloops. She pursues writing from deep feelings.

28. Forrest A. Funmaker

A Hochunk (Winnebago from Wisconsin), Forrest has enjoyed great success at the En'owkin International School of Writing. He is presently working on a stand-up comedy routine.

29. Don Wind

Of the Okanagan Indian Nation, this is Don Wind's first published works. His interests are reading, cycling, drawing and writing at leisure.

30. Arnie Louie

Is a member of the Inkameep Band in Oliver, B.C. He is a student of the En'owkin International School of writing. This is his first published work.

31. Daniel David Moses

From the Six Nations lands in Southern Ontario, his works include poems and plays.

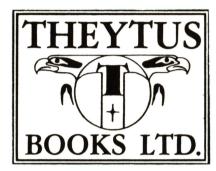
32. Alice Lee

A writer of short fiction and woman's issues, she has prerviously published 'Love Medicine' and 'Old Woman Alone'.

Maria is a member of the Okanagan Tribe and is planning to write a book on the Okanagan people.

- 34. Shirley Eagle Tailfeathers
 Shirley enjoys writing at her leisure.
- 35. Myrtle R. Johnson
 Of the Shuswap Nation, Myrtle enjoys writing poetry in her home at Alkali Lake
- 36. Art Napoleon
 From the Salmon Arm, B.C. area. Art enjoys the outdoors and storywriting.
- 37. Joann Thom
 This is Joann's first published works.
- 38. Leah E. Messer
 A welcome addition tp this journal
- 39. Eriel Deranger Eriel's first published works. Congratulations!
- 40. Margaret Warbrick
 Of the Shuswap Reserve near Invermere Margaret enjoys writing stories and poetry
- 41. Mary Lou C. Debassige
 From Three Fires Society on Manitoulin Island, Ontario, This is Mary
 Lou's sixth published works.
- 42. Andy P. Nieman
 From the Yukon, this is Andy's first published works.
- 43. Glen James
 Of Nespelem Washington, Glen enjoys writing on the culture activities of his traditions.
- Gerald Etienne
 A writer of poetry relating to friendship and family.
- 45. Leona Lysons
 Of the Shuswap Nation, Leona enjoys writing poetry and will return to classes this fall at En'owkin's International School of Writing.
- 46. Randy Fred
 Founder of Theytus Books Ltd. Randy now resides in the Nanaimo, B.C. area.
- 47. Alvin Manitopyes
 Currently living in Calgary, Alberta, Alvin writes poetry for leisure.
- 48. Eileen Burnett
 Eileen enjoys writing of nature and life at her leisure.
- 49. Jeannette C. Armstrong A well known and gifted writer., Jeannette continues to involve herself in writing about her traditions and culture through contemporary events

The Canadian Native Publishing House











■10 YEARS

For latest catalogue write to:

THEYTUS BOOKS LTD.,

P.O. Box 218, Penticton, B.C. Canada V2A 6K3 or phone (604) 493-7181 fax (604) 493-2882